THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN
Is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, Cambria Co., Pa.,
BY H. A. McPIKE.

Guaranteed Circulation - 1,068.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year, cash in advance.....$1.50
" " " if not p'd within 3 mos. 1.75
" " " if not p'd within 6 mos. 2.00
" " " if not p'd within year.. 2.25

To persons residing outside the county 50 cents additional per year will be charged to cover postage.

No paper will be sent except the above terms be complied with, and those who don't consult their own interests by paying in advance must not expect to be placed on the same footing as those who do. Let this fact be distinctly understood from this time forward.

Examine your paper before you stop it, if you may for your paper before you stop it, if you must. None but scalawags do otherwise, and don't be a scalawag—life's too short.

Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year, in advance.

VOLUME XV. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1881. NUMBER 29.

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers, whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$ 1.5
1 " 3 months	2.50
1 " 6 months	3.50
1 " 1 year	5.00
2 " 6 months	6.00
2 " 1 year	10.00
3 " 6 months	8.00
3 " 1 year	12.00
¼ col'n 6 months	10.00
¼ " 1 year	20.00
½ " 1 year	35.00
1 " 6 months	40.00
1 " 1 year	70.00
Administrator's and Executor's Notices	2.50
Auditor's Notices	2.00
Stray and similar Notices	1.50

Business Items, first insertion 10c. per line; each subsequent insertion 5c. per line.

☞ Resolutions or proceeding of any corporation or society, and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest, must be paid for as advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of all kind neatly and expeditiously executed at lowest prices. Don't you forget it.

CHEAP!
THERE ARE CHEAPER
but
THERE ARE NOT
THE
cheapest!

GEO. HUNTLEY
HAS NOW ON HAND THE
LARGEST, BEST AND MOST VARIED
STOCK OF
Hardware!
Stoves, Tinware.
HOUSEFURNISHING
&c., &c., that can be found in any one establishment in Pennsylvania. His stock comprises
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,
of various styles and patterns;
Builders' Hardware
of every description and of best quality;
CARPENTERS' TOOLS!
of all kinds and the best in the market. Also, a large stock of
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
Glassware, Queensware, Silver-Plated Ware, Wood and Willow Ware, Wall Paper, Trunks and Valises, Revolvers, Ammunition, Vises, Horse Shoes, Bar Iron, Rail Rod, Horse Nails, Carriage Bolts, Rivets, Hammers, Handsaws, Steel Shovel Plow Moulds, Road Scoops;
Mowing Machines, Horse Hay Rakes,
Horse Hay Forks, Rope and Pulleys, Cross Cultivators, and a full line of Harvesting Tools. Also, a large assortment of
Table, Floor and Stair Oil Cloths,
Carriage Oil Cloth.
PAPER AND OIL-CLOTH WINDOW SHADING AND SHADE FIXTURES; Liverpool ASHTON SALT, the best in the world for Dairy and Table use; SALT FOR FEEDING LIVE STOCK; SALT FOR SALTING Live Stock; LAND PLASTER; WHEAT CHOPPED FOOD, all of the best quality; PERFECT SATISFACTION guaranteed to purchasers. Also, agent for exploded Carpenter's WAGONS and CARTS—the largest stock of MILK COOLERS of all shapes and sizes and of superior make ever offered in Ebensburg; also, a large stock of PAINT BRUSHES of the most desirable quality; WINDOW GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, &c., together with a large and complete stock of
GROCERIES, TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
as well as thousands of other useful and needful articles. In fact, anything I haven't got or can't get at short notice is not worth buying, and what I have to say to all is: Come and see me before buying elsewhere, as I am bound to sell goods cheaper than anybody, while they will invariably be
SOLD AT BOTTOM PRICES!
☞ Having had nearly twenty years' experience in the sale of goods in my line, I am enabled to offer for sale at lower prices than many who have but little experience. By close attention to business I intend to give as a liberal share of your patronage, then, and be convinced that the best is always the cheapest, and that it never pays to buy an inferior article because it is offered low. Bear in mind that as an indisputable fact that our goods are always the dearest in the end.
GEO. HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, April 21, 1879.

R. L. Johnston, M. J. Buck.
P. A. Shoemaker, A. W. Buck.
JOHNSTON,
SHOEMAKER & BUCK,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa.
Money Received on Deposit,
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS.
COLLECTIONS MADE
AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.
DRAFTS on the PRINCIPAL CITIES
Bought and Sold, and a
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTED.
Accounts Solicited.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.
Ebensburg, March 19, 1880-tf.

INCORPORATED IN 1857.
STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLAN.
PROTECTION MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY
OF EBENSBURG, PA.
Premium Notes now in force - $136,000.
Only Six Assessments in 24 Years.
Good FARM PROPERTIES
ESPECIALLY DESIRED.
NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN!
GEO. M. READE, President.
E. W. DICK, Secretary.
Ebensburg, Jan. 24, 1881-1y.

Freidhoff's Block,
EBENSBURG, PA.,

CARL RIVINIUS,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Has always on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., which he offers for sale at lower prices than any dealer in the county. Persons needing anything in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Satisfaction paid to repairing Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c., and satisfaction guaranteed in work and price.
Ebensburg, Pa.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency.
E. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Will write all risks at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
and other First Class Companies.
Ebensburg, Sept. 22, 1876-1y.*

M. SCHEHLER, Johnstown, Pa. M. D. KITTELL, Ebensburg, Pa.
SCHEHLER & KITTELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
JOHNSTOWN AND EBENSBURG.
Will attend to business in Cambria and Somerset counties. Office in Ebensburg in Lloyd's new brick building, Main street, directly opposite Mansion House. Johnstown, Freidhoff's Block, Ebensburg.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN can be had at the counter of the publication office every Friday morning, only $1.50 per year, in advance.

ASSIGNEES' SALE OF TOWN PROPERTY!

BY virtue of an order issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, the undersigned Assignees of N. J. FREIDHOFF will expose to public auction or outcry, at the *Court House in the Borough of Ebensburg*, on

SATURDAY, 20th Day of August, 1881,

at 2 O'CLOCK, P. M., the following described REAL ESTATE, divested of all liens, to wit:

A PIECE or LOT OF GROUND

situate in the Borough of Ebensburg, County of Cambria, fronting 66 feet on High street and extending back 162 feet, more or less, to an alley, adjoining lot of Mrs. Hutchinson on the east and lot of John Dougherty on the west, having thereon erected a two story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, a two story FRAME STORE ROOM, and a FRAME STABLE. *Also,*

A PIECE or LOT OF GROUND

situate in the Borough of Ebensburg, County of Cambria, fronting 33 feet on Julian street and extending back 198 feet to an alley, adjoining an alley on the north and lot of M. R. B. Creery on the south, having thereon erected a two story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE and FRAME STABLE. *Also,*

A PIECE or LOT OF GROUND

situate in the Borough of Ebensburg, County of Cambria, fronting 33 feet on High street and extending back 254 feet to Lloyd street, adjoining lot of M. M. O'Neil on the east and lot of Charles Mueller on the west, having thereon erected a two story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

TERMS OF SALE.

☞ One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bonds of the purchaser.

JOHN A. BLAIR,
JOHN LLOYD,
Assignees of N. J. FREIDHOFF.

Ebensburg, July 28, 1881.-3t.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, the undersigned Assignee of GEO. G. ROSAMAN will expose to sale to public vendue or outcry, at the *Hotel of P. F. Kiehl, in the Borough of Wilmore*, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1881,

at 2 O'CLOCK, P. M., the following described REAL ESTATE, divested of all liens, to wit:

A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND

situate in the township of Summerhill, county of Cambria, adjoining lands of Joseph Berkhart, Mary Rohrabaugh, and others, containing 50 Acres, more or less. This tract of land is three miles distant from Summerhill station, P. R. R., is well covered with an excellent quality of timber, and is supposed to be underlaid with two veins of coal. *Also,*

A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND

situate in the township of Jackson, county of Cambria, adjoining lands of Joseph Burkhart, Mary Rohrabaugh, and others, containing 50 Acres, more or less. This tract of land is three miles distant from Summerhill station, P. R. R., is well covered with an excellent quality of timber, and is supposed to be underlaid with two veins of coal. *Also,*

A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND

situate in the township of Cambria, county of Cambria, adjoining lands of Matthias Bornheimer, V. A. Shoemaker, and others, containing 145 Acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.

☞ One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by the mortgage and judgment bonds of the purchaser.

JOHN SCHROATH,
Assignee of GEORGE G. ROSAMAN.

Wilmore, July 28, 1881.-3t.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, I will offer at public sale, at the *Court House in Ebensburg*, on

SATURDAY, Aug. 27th, 1881,

at 2 O'CLOCK, P. M., the following described real estate, situate in Blacklick township, Cambria county, to wit:

ONE TRACT containing about 123 ACRES,

adjoining lands of Rev. Lamereaux, and others, about 50 Acres cleared, having a Log House, Log Barn and other outbuildings thereon erected. *Also,*

ANOTHER TRACT OF LAND

adjoining the above, containing about 100 Acres cleared, having a FRAME HOUSE thereon erected.

TERMS OF SALE.

☞ One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by judgment bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

T. A. SHOEMAKER,
Assignee of ROBERT GILLEN.

July 28, 1881.-3t.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.—IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.—To Mary A. Downey, formerly Mary A. Sheridan, Albert Bender and Ann Bender (formerly Ann Sheridan), residents of Clinton county, state of Sheridan, who reside in Iowa county, State of Iowa.

Whereas, at an Orphans' Court held at Ebensburg on July 19th, 1881, on the petition of Jas. Sheridan, a son of John Sheridan, late of the township of Chesterfield, in said county, deceased, was presented, praying the Court to award a inquest to make partition of the real estate of said decedent, and, whereas, the prayer of the said petitioner was ordered that notice be given to those interested granted and said inquest directed to be held. Now in said petition residing out of the county by publication and mailing copy of notice to nearest post-office; notice is hereby given to the above named parties that, by virtue of the above mentioned writ, an inquest will be held and taken upon the premises therein described, on Thursday, the 25th day of August, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of making partition at valuation and appraisement of the said real estate, as in the said writ required; at which time and place said parties can attend if they see proper.

THOMAS GRIFFITH.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, July 22, 1881.-4t.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.
Estate of ELIZABETH ECKLEY, dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Elizabeth Eckley, late of Summitville borough, Cambria county, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that immediate payment must be made, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNIE ECKLEY, Administratrix.
Summitville, July 28, 1881.-6t.

STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Allegheny township, on the 19th day of July, 1881, a white cow with black on each side of her neck, black spots on her rump and tail, and apparently supposed to be about five years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law directs.

JEROME FLACK.
Allegheny Twp., July 28, 1881.-3t.

EBENSBURG PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a one-and-a-half story frame house and small plat of ground occupied by her and situated in the East ward of Ebensburg borough. There are a number of thrifty and productive apple and cherry trees on the premises. Said property will be sold very cheap for cash.

ANN PATTERSON.
Ebensburg, July 29, 1881.

LAND FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale 90 Acres of land lying between Loretto and Ghost Springs which he will sell very cheap and on easy terms. About 50 Acres cleared, the balance being well covered with saw timber, principally hemlock. For further information call on or address

F. A. STORM.
July 15, 1881-3m. Loretto, Pa.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER—DAVID SHINKLE, Cambria Twp.—We are authorized to announce that David Shinkle, of Cambria township, will be a candidate for County Commissioner at the coming Democratic primary election, and if nominated and elected pledges himself to perform the duties of the office honestly and to the best of his ability. In any event, however, he will remain true to his party and its principles.

Ebensburg, July 28, 1881.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER—GEO. GUTHER, Ebensburg.—We have been authorized to announce that the above named member of the present Board of County Commissioners will be a candidate for re-nomination at the coming Democratic primary election, and if the nomination is once more conferred upon and his election secured, he pledges himself to do his duty as faithfully and honestly in the future as he has endeavored to do it in the past.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—FRANCIS MULVEHILL, Ebensburg.—We are authorized to announce that Francis Mulvehill, of Ebensburg borough, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to Democratic rules, and if nominated and elected, he pledges himself to guard the interests of the taxpayers of the county to the best of his ability. [3-25.-tn.]

FOR COUNTY TREASURER—P. MORAN, Loretto.—We are authorized to announce that Patrick Moran, of Loretto borough, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to Democratic rules. If nominated and elected, he pledges himself to perform the duties of the office with honesty and fidelity. [3-25.-tn.]

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. Lloyd, dec'd, (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.]

WHY SHOULD THEY KILL MY BABY

[The aged mother of the President is reported to have exclaimed as above upon hearing the news of his attempted assassination.]

Why should they kill my baby?—for he
seems the same to me
As when, in the morning twilight, I tossed
him on my knee,
And sowed for him hopes to blossom when
he should become a man,
And dreamed for him such a future as only
a mother can.

I looked ahead to the noon-time with proud
but trembling joy;
I had a vision of splendor for my sweet,
bright-eyed boy;
But little enough I fancied that when he had
gained renown,
Base Envy's poisoned bullet would suddenly
strike him down.

Why should they want to kill him? Because
he had cut his way
Through Poverty's gloomy woodland out
into the open day,
And sent a shout of good cheer to those who
were yet within,
That honor is born of striving, and Honesty
yet can win?

Or was it because from boyhood he manfully
bared his breast,
To fight for the poor and lowly, and aid the
sore oppressed?
Ah! me, the world is working upon a treacherous plan,
When he who has struck for mankind is
stricken down by man!

Or did they begrudge his mother the hand
he reached her still,
No odds how high he clambered up Fortune's
glittering hill?
For in his proudest life-day he turned from
the honors of earth,
And came and tenderly kissed me—the
mother who gave him birth.

Shame to the wretch that struck him, and
grieves that it did not kill!
And pity for his poor mother, if she is living
still,
May God in mercy aid him his black crime
to atone,
And help me to forgive him—I cannot do it
alone.

THE JAMES BROTHERS.

A Graphic Account of Their Desperate Career.

WHAT PROMPTED THEM TO CRIME—A DETECTIVE'S DESPICABLE WORK—THE BROTHERS' REVENGE, ETC.

The recent train robbery on the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, near Kansas City, brought forth the inevitable announcement from Chicago that the "James boys" did it, and that Pinkerton's detectives knew all about it and were about to capture these notorious outlaws. Whether the robbery of the Rock Island train was the work of these men, or whether, like two or three similar train robberies, it was the work of the desperate gang of loafers and "hoodlums" which infest the border near Kansas City, is a question not easy of solution at this distance. The telegraphic announcement that the "James boys" had appeared in their old haunts in Clay county, Missouri, and had successfully stopped and robbed a train, recalls to mind many incidents and details connected with their career that are interesting. The lives of these two men, for they are no longer boys, would excel in startling detail and absorbing interest the story of Claude Duval, Dick Turpin, Robin Hood and Lafitte all combined. Their daring exploits and remarkable escapes from death or capture would read like some wild romance were they properly compiled, and this brief sketch will undoubtedly prove of interest to our readers. The "James boys" are the last of the Missouri guerrillas of the war on the border—the only two men who followed Quantrel to Lawrence, Kas., or Bill Anderson to the slaughter at Centralia, Mo., who have never laid down their arms. Defying Governor's proclamations, Sheriff's posses and public opinion they have kept up a war on their own account for twenty years.

WHY THEY MAKE WAR UPON MANKIND.

The cause of their uncompromising career of crime, blood and violence originated during the first year of the war. They were honest, hard-working farmers' boys when the war broke out, and resided with their father and mother on a farm near Kearney, a few miles from Kansas City. A party of Union militia caught and hung their father and whipped Jesse, who was a pale, effeminate looking boy, until he was senseless, because he could not tell the militia of the hiding-place of his brother Frank, who was suspected of "bushwhacking." When Jesse recovered from the effects of this brutal treatment, and had assisted his mother and sister to bury his murdered father, he mounted his horse and rode away to join his brother, and together they started forth on a career of vengeance such as was never before surpassed for duration and malignant earnestness. The number of men killed by these boys during the twenty years they have been on the road will perhaps never be known. They boast of having killed the last one of the thirty-two men who murdered their father, and since Pinkerton has commenced to hunt them they have allowed none of his detectives to escape their blood-thirsty clutches. During the war these two young boys became the terror of the Kansas and Missouri border. They were frequently wounded, but appear to bear a charmed life. They sometimes led and sometimes followed in their fierce search for lives. With them it was kill, kill, kill. Now with Poindexter in North Missouri, then with Quantrel in Kansas, sometimes with Dick Yager and Bill Anderson, all noted guerillas of the fiercest and most daring type, they outlived them all, and still ride from place to place defying pursuit. How they have managed to escape so long is a mystery to every one.

THEIR CAREER OF CRIME.

When the war was closed the 'James boys' were in Kentucky with Quantrel, and shortly afterwards commenced their career of robbery in Western Virginia. They were pursued into Kentucky, but managed to escape into Southern Missouri, where they astonished their arrival shortly afterward by stopping a train on the Iron Mountain Railroad and robbing it at Gad's Hill. A large reward was offered by the Governor and by the railroad company, but the "boys" retreated into the dense, black and scrub oak regions of Ozark Mountains and were soon lost to pursuit. Their success encouraged highway robbery, and trains were stopped in Kentucky, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas, and, notwithstanding the fact that trains were robbed simultaneously in far distant States, the "James boys" were credited with doing all the devilitry. In 1872 these outlaws wrote to Governor B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, offering to surrender themselves for trial for the Gad's Hill robbery if they were granted amnesty for all past offenses. The application was also read to the Missouri Legislature, but was rejected. The boys remained quiet for some time, living sometimes at home with their mother, who had married a Dr. Samuels and was residing on a farm near Kearney, Missouri, and sometimes attending cattle down in Southern Kansas. Allan Pinkerton, the great detective of Chicago, stimulated by a desire to obtain the large rewards offered as well as the glory of killing or capturing this gang of outlaws, flooded the country about Kansas City and the vicinity of the Samuels farm with detectives. Some appeared as lightning-rod men, others as book-agents, patent-right peddlers, itinerant preachers, land buyers, in fact they came in all shapes and forms, and so annoyed the old couple that they prevailed on Frank and Jesse to leave the country for good. Before leaving for their new home in Western Texas they determined on performing one of the most daring exploits of their lives, and this is how they did it. The writer was a witness of the raid and fully competent to describe it.

A DARING EXPLOIT.

It was about 6 o'clock in the evening of September 18th, 1873, the big day of the Exposition and races at Kansas City, the crowd, estimated at forty thousand, was pouring out of the gates into one of the principal streets, when four men, roughly clad in ordinary farmers' costumes, were noticed riding their horses towards the gate. The gate keeper was just locking up, and was about to start for the Treasurer's office, with two large cash boxes containing about $12,000 in greenbacks. Two of the mounted men attacked the gate-keeper, knocked him down with the butt-end of their pistols, seized the boxes, and clearing the way through the astonished multitude by firing a few shots into the air, they reached the other two mounted men, handed them the cash-boxes and mounted their own horses. The crowd, almost wild with terror, opened right and left for these bold riders, whose pistols were presented in all directions, and liable to go off at any moment. In less than five minutes from the time of their first appearance they were gone. A woman and child were wounded accidentally and $12,000 in cash was carried off. Pursuit was out of the question, as darkness covered the retreat of the robbers, who took refuge in the wilderness of the adjacent Blue river hills. Three nights afterward, about midnight, the "James boys" made their unexpected appearance in the editorial rooms of the Kansas City *Times*, and in a few well-chosen remarks presented to the editor-in-chief a handsome gold watch and chain. The staff was then escorted by these daring outlaws to the Marble Hall restaurant on Main street, where refreshments were ordered. While these were being prepared Jesse and a reporter went forth and the outlaw brought in a policeman and a police sergeant, and compelled them to join the drinking party and afterward accompanied them to an alley close by where their horses were concealed. There they mounted, and after bidding the police-officers adieu, rode off into the darkness. The police acted as though they were half-dead with fear, but next day told their story with great gusto and satisfaction.

A DETECTIVE'S DIABOLICAL DEED.

For some months after this escapade nothing was heard concerning the outlaws. But suddenly a startling report flew over the country that a fearful fight had taken place between the "James boys" and a party of Pinkerton's detectives. The writer was one of the first to reach the scene of the reported battle, when a heartrending scene was discovered. In the farmhouse, lying on a separate bed, was the corpse of a little boy, the half-brother of Frank and Jesse James, and their grey-haired mother almost in the agony of death. One of her arms was blown off near the shoulder, her grey head was dabbled with blood and her face bruised and blackened with powder. Her daughter sat by the bed weeping, and a crowd of fierce and indignant Missouri farmers stood by in silent anger. It appeared that Pinkerton's gang of detectives had been run down in a box-car from Cameron on a special train, and stealthily approached the Samuels farmhouse in the expectation of capturing the James boys. The old-lady was sitting by the fireside, an old-fashioned wood fire in a stone chimney, listening to her younger boy say his prayers before retiring to bed. Her daughter had retired, and her farmhand was out in the stable attending the horses. Without a word of warning the window was burst open and a bomb-shell was thrown into the room. The old lady had her arm blown off and her little son was instantly killed. The detectives after searching the house and barn rode away upon what they said was the trail of fleeing the outlaws. The James boys were then in Western Texas, where they own large cattle interests. They returned to their mother's home as soon as they learned of the attack on the old lady and the murder of their little half-brother. They then set about a fearful vengeance, and they appeared here, there and every where. Now in Chicago, now in St. Louis, again in Clay county, and giving evidence of their presence by killing detectives in all directions.

A CHALLENGE TO PINKERTON

They rode up to the *Times* office in Kansas City and handed a reporter a challenge to Pinkerton and a warning to him to take his detectives out of the neighborhood within a week or send them their coffins. The communication was published next day, and Pinkerton replied by sending a fresh detachment of spies into Clay county. The outlaws then took a deadly and dramatic revenge. Two of the Chicago detectives were found lying in the rode not far from the Samuels farm, both with bullet holes thro' their foreheads, and on the same night three men rode down to the Missouri City ferry, and after waking up the ferrymen ordered them to take them across the Missouri river to Jackson county. One of the three men was tied to his horse, his arms pinioned to his side, and a gag was noticed in his mouth. The other two men were masked, and each armed with revolvers. They landed safely on the other side of the river, and took the road toward Independence. Just within sight of that city the two men hung the third to a tree so that his body was suspended directly over the road. About six o'clock the same morning these two men rode their jaded horses into Kansas, City, ordered breakfast and wrote a detailed account of the capture and execution of Detective Besher, or Fischer, one of Pinkerton's favorite men. This report they left at the *Times* office for publication, and rode slowly and leisurely over the railroad bridge into the woods of Clay county. Armed possies were sent out in pursuit, but the outlaws crossed over to Kansas and a few days later were safe in the wilds of the Indian Territory. It appears that they had met the detective on the streets of Liberty, and at his request started out to show him a piece of land near the James farm which he pretended he wanted to buy. He was taken to the James farm and kept there until night, when he was escorted to another county for execution as a spy.

THE MOTHER VISITS HER SONS.

Some months after the death of the unfortunate detectives old Mrs. Samuels went to Texas to visit her sons on their cattle ranche near the Rio Grande, and it was hoped that she would remain there and Western Missouri be rid of the outlaws for all time But the old lady returned home, and in a few months afterward the "boys" reappeared attending the wedding of one of their cousins residing in Kansas City. It was while on this visit from Texas the following amusing incident occurred. One of the proprietors of the *Times*, Judge Mumford, of St. Louis, notified the city editor that he should like a glimpse of these daring outlaws the next time they came to the office with correspondence. A few days afterward Jesse suddenly made his appearance at the window of the "local room" and entered into a conversation relative to an article published about him in the *Journal*. The city editor stepped into the manager's private office and said: "Judge Mumford, you desired to see Jesse James; step this way and look at him." Instead of stepping this way to see the outlaw, the old man seized his hat and without saying a word ran out of the building at breakneck speed, and made a bee line for the hotel, where he locked himself in. The city editor received notice that his resignation would be accepted if the "James boys" did not cease their unwelcome visits to the office. The "boys" laughed heartily when they heard of the old man's fright. From the time of the execution of Pinkerton's men up to the time of the Glendale train robbery, about a year and a half ago, these two desperate men appear to have confined their operations entirely to Texas, Colorado and Wyoming. The writer saw one of them in Wyoming in 1879; he was in the cattle business, and no recoguition was exchanged.

THE YOUNGER BROTHERS.

One of the Younger brothers was also met in a cattle corral in Denver, in 1874, but their presence there was kept secret, for to reveal it was equivalent to an unexpected death by a bullet from one of their friends. The report that they were in the Minnesota bank robbery is incorrect. They were not on good terms with the Younger brothers, and have not hunted with them since the war. They were also charged with the robbery of the Kansas Pacific express train at Muncie, but subsequent developments clear them of any and all connection with the clumsily-performed robbery. The Kansas City express train was running through the Kaw river bottoms, about seven miles from Kansas City, one evening in 1874, when a signal of danger was waved at the Muncie flag station. The train stopped, and fifteen or sixteen masked men rushed out from their place of concealment, and while the larger number mounted guard over the train six or seven took possession of the locomotive, which, with the express car, was immediately detached from the balance of the trian and run down the track some distance and kept under guard while the train was robbed. It was discovered soon afterward that the robbers were a party of fast young men of Kansas City and Westport, some of whom were afterward captured and two of them killed in resisting arrest. The discovery was made accidentally by a policeman named Pat Colloly. He arrested a drunken man for fast riding, and on searching him found a lot of the jewelry taken from the Kansas Pacific train a few days previous. He was taken to Lawrence, Kansas, for trial, but escaped from jail, and was shot by a Sheriff's posse, sent in pursuit. Before he died he made a full confession, and it was then discovered that the train robbers were young men about town, some of them belonging to the first families. They have scattered over the country and few have been taken up for the crime.

THE JAMES BOYS' LAST EXPLOIT.

The last exploit of the "James boys" was the robbery of the Chicago and Alton night express train at Glendale, a lonely little station in the forest, a few miles east of Kansas City. The boys, with their gang, took possession of the station a few minutes before the arrival of the train and compelled the station keeper to flag the train or die. They broke up the telegraph apparatus and when the train stopped ran it into a side switch, where they robbed the express car and the mail. The outlaws were all masked except Frank James, who was the leader. None of the passengers were interfered with. The windows of the cars were kept closed, and if a passenger put his head out to see what was going on he was sternly ordered to 'take that head in or I'll blow it off." When the safe had been taken off the train and rifled, the conductor was ordered to take his train on eastward. The robbers then disbanded and disappeared. Pursuit was made by the Sheriff in all directions, and a party overtook the "James boys" near Joplin, Mo., just when they were about to escape into the Indian Territory. A running fight ensued, in which Jesse James was badly wounded. A companion of theirs named Cooper, who had betrayed their hiding place, reported that Jesse James had died of his wounds, and had been buried in an old mining shaft, and he claimed the $10,000 reward for killing him. As he could not produce the body he failed to get the reward. The writer interviewed Mrs. Samuels, the mother of the "boys," and she denied the report of Jesse's death. She said: "When my boys die, don't you think I will know about it?" The recent train robbery in Clay county, Missouri, may perhaps be the work of these outlaws, but it is extremely unlikely, as it does not resemble their style of doing work. They would not have killed Conductor Westfall, who was one of the best and kindest-hearted men in that section of the country. This last robbery looks more like the Muncie affair, which was done by a lot of hoodlums and loafers. However, the "James boys" cannot be worse than they have been; one crime more or less cannot make much change in their record. The only mystery about their career is how they escape death at the hands of their countless pursuers.—*San Francisco Examiner.*

THE GREATEST EVIL.—The Persian author, Saadi, tells a story of three sages—a Greek, an Indian, and a Persian—who, in the presence of the Persion monarch, debated the question: Of all evils incident to humanity, which is the greatest? The Grecian declared, "Old age oppressed with poverty;" the Indian answered, "Pain with impatience;" while the Persian, bowing low, made answer, "The couch of death without one good deed of life to light the darksome way."

THE COMET.

Mercy love us!
Far above us!
See the comet slashin' round;
Fifty million
Million billion
Billion miles above the ground.

With a tail,
Like a whale,
See it scoot and whiz and rear;
With its flipper
In the Dipper,
How it rolles the Major Bear.

Now it's tryin'
For O'Ryan
(Irish chap that killed the bull),
And the moon,
Pretty soon,
Gives the comet's tail a pull.

Here and there,
Everywhere,
Restless sprite of sky ideas;
Awful pert,
See it flirt
With Helen Potter's Pleiades.

Unbeliever!
Famine, fever,
Plague and pestilence and war;
Fret and worry,
Trouble, hurry,
That is what the comet's for.

Lots of debt,
Too much wet,
Rain and hail and sleet and flood:
Burning drought,
Torrid south,
Sun-baked field and seas of mud.

Blood and bones,
Tears and groans,
Gnashing teeth and horrid cries;
Howls and yowls,
Frowns and scowls,
That's about the comet's size,

Everything
It will bring
That is bad beneath the sun;
How it hums!
Here it comes!
Goodness gracious, let us run!

—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

WHAT HE SAW.

Here lies a man whose crown was won
By blowing in an empty gun.
—*Steubenville Herald.*

No sooner in the gun he blew,
Than up the golden stair he flew.
—*Richmond Baton.*

And met the girl on Heaven's green
Who lit the fire with kerosene.
—*Elevated Railroad Journal.*

He also saw, astride a stool,
The man who tampered with a mule.
—*Rochester Express.*

And with delight, beheld the sight;
The Czar in white—via dynamite.
—*Utica Tribune.*

And also met the reckless bloke,
Who brought us an original joke.
—*Quincy Modern Argo.*

And also met the fellow, you know,
Who wrote the poem on "Beautiful Snow."
—*Erie Graphic.*

And looking on, right by his side,
Was the youth who from green apples died.
—*Sunday Morning News.*

Turning around, from sudden whim,
He saw the boy who couldn't swim.
—*Pottsville Journal.*

But stranger still, the youth he found
Who saw the saw go buzzing round.
—CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SOME HINTS WHICH MAY BE VALUABLE TO SOME PERSONS.

In the first place, select a resort where there is no danger of meeting anybody who knows you or has ever heard of you. This will give you a first rate opportunity of putting on all the airs imaginable.

In order to deceive the other boarders into believing that you are of more than common importance, engage a dozen on twenty persons to send you letters daily. If you advance the money to pay the expense of stationery and postage, and only require your correspondents to send blank paper, there should be no difficulty in arranging this matter satisfactorily.

If any one should compliment any of your dresses as they appear, you should say, "Oh, I'm only wearing my old duds, you know; they're good enough for this place." Then delicately hint at the elegant things in your other trunk

If you have exhausted your resources in garmenture before the close of your stay, begin at the beginning and again go through the list.

It may so happen that those who have seen the first part of your dress rehearsal have gone, and a new lot of boarders taken their places. In that event your programme can be repeated with impunity.

Should it be otherwise and the old boarders remaining, you can casually remark, as often as possible, that "Really, I am sorry I brought my best things. I haven't opened my other trunk yet, and I don't believe I shall now. This is no place to dress, you know."

If possible, do not have your husband with you. Husbands are frequently interior-looking creatures, and too often lack the tact necessary to impress strangers with their importance. Let your husband remain at home, and you can say "My husband," or "Mr. Smithington," in a way that cannot fail of apotheosizing him.

Of course you will have a good deal to say of "papa" and of his elegant residence. If "papa" be an inmate of the almshouse, all the better. You can speak of his great house without falsifying.

Be sure and find all the fault you can with the food. Say as often as it occurs to you, "I never saw such cooking in all my life." You probably never did see anything nearly like it; so you won't be telling a wrong story.

If you have a son or daughter with you, fondle him or her incessantly. The boarders cannot fail to notice your action and remark upon the beauty of motherly affection.

If any one refers to the beauty of the surrounding landscape, you must say, "Do you think so? After one has seen so many grander places, one can hardly appreciate anything so homely as this; but I suppose it is beautiful." You will give the impression of having been "abroad," or at least of having seen all there is to be seen this side of the Atlantic.

For staple conversation, scandalize the boarders who have returned home.

During your last week talk about your hostess. This never fails as a source of amusement when all things else are exhausted.—*Boston Transcript.*

"PA," said a little seven-year-old fellow, "I guess our man Ralph is a good Christian." "How so, my boy," inquired the parent.—"Why, pa, I read in the Bible that the wicked shall not live out half his days, and Ralph says he has lived out ever since he was a little boy."

A HARD MONEY BRIDE.

THE TOUCHING AND TRUE STORY OF A DISAPPOINTED BRIDEGROOM.

One of those too frequent cases of matrimonial disappointment which tend to prove that at least a part of the world is a fleeting show has recently been brought to light. An old colored person of about three score years was found to be the possessor of an exceeding unlovely wife, about a dozen years his senior. As the old man was spry and intelligent and his ill-favored spouse was directly the reverse, some inquisitive seeker after information took the liberty of asking him how it came to pass that such a person as he ever managed to secure for his bride a lady so greatly his inferior. With a sigh and a few groues the victim of all-asforted matrimonial alliance as cheerfully as possible uncatained the scenes of the long ago and treated the inquirer to a picture of the early days. While he would not admit that his soul was in any considerable degree a sordid one, he was free to acknowledge that wealth was not without its influence on him. Had two young women been named as possible candidates for his affections, the one being rich and the other poor, he would not have rejected the moneyed one in favor of the one who had not enough wherewith to purchase the plainest trousseau. In the days of his courtship he was deeply infatuated with the lady who is now his wife. He wondered if she or her mother had money, but dared not ask her, lest she should think that he wanted her for her wealth, and, therefore, give him the mitten. She and her mother suspected that money would be an object to him. Yet neither of these woman would open their lips on the subject which was well known to lie very closely to their hearts and his. But there are actions which speak more plainly than words, especially when accompanied with the music of the jingle of solid silver dollars. The house was of logs, with the customary chinks in wall and ceiling. Up stairs went the prospective mother-in-law one evening when the youthful pair were sitting by the down-stairs fire. She had money and presently engaged in counting it. Clink after clink greeted the suitor's ear as dollar after dollar passed through the old lady's hands in process of enumeration. His attention was divided between this lovely creature down below and the financially adorable one up above. The sound from aloft was enchaining, transporting, bewildering. The lucky fellow had supposed there might be some wealth in the family, but when he had counted up to nine hundred clinks of as many silver dollars his feelings overpowered him, and forthwith he made declaration of his love to the girl

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - AUGUST 12, 1881.

JOHN DILLON, the prominent and well known member of the Irish Land League, who was arrested near Dublin about three months ago for making seditious speeches, and since then has been a prisoner in Kilmainham jail in that city, was released by the government on Sunday last. The reason given for his discharge is that longer confinement would endanger his life.

SPOTTED TAIL, the noted Sioux chief, always the trusted friend of the white man, was assassinated on Friday last at Rose Bud agency, on the upper Missouri, by Crow Wing, an Indian police agent. The facts connected with the murder have not yet reached Washington. Next to Red Cloud, Spotted Tail was the most influential chief among the Sioux, and his sudden and tragic taking off is much to be regretted.

THE President's condition on Sunday was not at all satisfactory to his physicians, and it became apparent to them that another operation upon him would be necessary. The operation was performed by Dr. Agnew, at the request of other physicians. The simple and only purpose of the operation was to secure a more free and unobstructed passage through the wound of the pus which was too rapidly accumulating. Since the operation the President has been getting along very well, and the physicians regard his condition as entirely satisfactory.

SOME people who talk glibly about what they call the ignorance and superstition of the dark ages will perhaps be astonished to learn from the Easton *Argus*, published in Northampton county, this State, that the old-time superstition of "pow-wowing," or visiting physicians who profess to cure by supernatural means, is extensively practiced in that county, and that on the first Friday after new moon crowds of people visit one Dr. Wilhelm, at Raubsville, to be cured of their infirmities. The *Argus* states that he has three hundred to five hundred patients a month, most of them on "moon days." And yet this is the boasted age of intellectual progress in the nineteenth century.

THE Irish Land Bill would likely pass the House of Lords yesterday or to-day. The bill has been amended in some of its essential features, but Mr. Gladstone has declared that he will resist the change to the bitter end in the House of Commons. John Bright in a speech at a banquet in London on last Saturday night, said he had been advocating changes in the Irish land system for thirty years—that he had studied the subject and felt as strongly upon it as he ever had on any political question, and he believed the land bill was as great and noble a measure as it was possible for Parliament to pass. He did not doubt that the time would speedily come when the Irish people would recognize the endeavor of the government to do them right and justice.

GEN. BEN HARRISON, Republican, who was elected to the United States Senate in January last by the Indiana Legislature, has succeeded since he took his seat on the 4th of March, in getting most of his relatives into comfortable positions under the government. His son, Russell, is superintendent of the U. S. Mint at Helena, Montana; his brother, Carter, is a special agent of the Treasury Department; his brother-in-law, Sam Morris, is registry clerk in the post-office at Indianapolis, and his sister-in-law has a snug clerkship in the Treasury Department at Washington. It is fair to infer that Harrison, who is evidently a disciple of Flanagan, of Texas, who patriotically exclaimed at the Chicago convention: "What in h—l are we here for unless it is to get the offices?" will now turn his attention to providing places for his uncles and his aunts.

THE odious third-term doctrine as applicable to the Governor of a State, was resolutely squelched by the Democratic State convention of Mississippi, which met last week. The present Governor, J. M. Stone, has been twice elected to that position, but he wasn't satisfied and insisted on a third lease of power. His principal competitor for the nomination was a member of the Barksdale family, as prolific a race of politicians in that State as the Broadheads and Dimmocks at one time in were Pennsylvania. Stone received the most votes on nineteen ballots, but he fell short of a majority. The fight over the nomination became so bitter as seriously to threaten a disruption of the party, and on the twentieth ballot Gen. Robert Lowry's name was brought before the convention, Barksdale and the other anti-third termers having withdrawn, and he was nominated. Gov. Stone is no doubt a wiser man now than he was when trying to play Grant's third term role.

THE people of North Carolina on yesterday week voted on the question of ratifying or rejecting a prohibitory liquor law, enacted by a Democratic Legislature at its last session and approved by a Democratic Governor. The negro troops fought nobly against ratification, and the Republicans fought side by side with them, thereby defeating the law by sixty or seventy thousand majority. We recollect having read at the beginning of the campaign an extract from a speech delivered by a colored orator at a mass meeting in one of the counties in that State, in which he said that it wasn't a prohibitory liquor law that was wanted in North Carolina, but that the great and crying want was "better whiskey and more of it." This seems to have been the prevailing belief of the colored voters throughout the State, and the result is as above stated. While it is a lamentable fact that intemperance is the great and overshadowing evil of the country, it will never be removed by the enactment of prohibitory liquor laws, though piled upon one another mountain high—Pelion upon Ossa.

WHENEVER a man in a Northern State from an humble start in life by sheer industry and honest endeavor accumulates wealth which he invests in extensive manufacturing pursuits, thus enabling him to give profitable employment to hundreds of laboring men, happens to be a Democrat and is without any personal effort on his part nominated by a State convention of his party as its candidate for almost any office, he is sure to become the object of constant abuse and calumny by the Republican press. This is the penalty that John W. Bookwalter, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, is now paying for his honest and upright career in life. Nothing is too low, nothing to mean, not to be said about him by Republican papers to degrade and injure him in public estimation. It is one of the most repulsive features of partisan journalism, and ought to be sternly resented by the decent voters of Ohio who are familiar with the honorable career of Mr. Bookwalter, which is without stain or reproach. The very men who are defaming and libelling him are supporting Charles Foster, who earned for himself undying infamy for his active participation in the disgraceful measures that placed Hayes in the Presidential chair. His chances of success are by no means bright, and owing to the double face he has worn and still wears on the temperance question, the people of Ohio are pretty certain to retire him to private life.

THE Congressional Committee having charge of the arrangements for the Yorktown Centennial next October, having asked Mr. Lincoln, Secretary of War, that General Hancock be assigned to the command of the military on that occasion, the Secretary sent an invitation to Gen. Hancock to that effect, and the General has forwarded a reply in which he accepts the command. Some of the Republican papers in referring to the action of the Secretary of War, are constrained to speak of Gen. Hancock as a soldier "whose conduct and bearing, both as a candidate for the Presidency and since the election, has been creditable to him in the highest degree." This is true of General Hancock, not only during his candidacy last year and since then, but it is true of his "conduct and bearing" from his first entrance into the army, and throughout the whole period of his long and splendid career. The Yorktown celebration promises to be the most notable event of the kind that has ever taken place in this country, and France, the firm friend and ally of the thirteen colonies in their heroic struggle for freedom, will be fittingly represented on the interesting occasion by some of the descendents of Lafayette and Rochambeau, who acted so conspicuous a part in forcing the surrender of Lord Cornwallis and thereby in establishing American independence.

THE death at his residence in Philadelphia, on Sunday last, of General Robert Patterson, who had almost reached the 90th year of his age, removes from the active scenes of life one of the most honored and patriotic citizens, not only of the State, but of the Union. A brief sketch of his life and the valuable services rendered by him to his adopted country will be found elsewhere in our paper. Coming to this country with his parents when a small boy, in 1798, the year of the great Irish Rebellion, he became a captain in the war with Great Britain, in 1812, a Major General in the war with Mexico and again in the late civil war, and it has been truly said of him by General Sherman, "that in every epoch of this country we find his name associated with the bravest and 2st in peace and war." General P. never held a political office, although he was often solicited to accept one, but he filled many civil positions of high trust and responsibility. His life was honorable to himself and useful to his country, and when it calmly and peacefully closed, there passed away another of that innumerable throng of Irishmen, who, on every battle-field from the commencement of the Revolutionary struggle down to the close of the war of the rebellion, have been the stout and willing defenders of American liberty.

THE Democratic State convention met at Richmond, on yesterday week, and nominated John W. Daniel, of Lynchburg, for Governor. He is comparatively a young man, but he is admitted by all to be the ablest stump speaker in the State. On the only question really at issue in the coming election in that State, the repudiation of one-third of the State debt, the platform adopted is susceptible of but one meaning, declaring, as it does, that we condemn repudiation in every shape and form as a blot on her (Virginia's) honor, a blow to her permanent welfare, and an obstacle to her progress in wealth, influence and power." The campaign promises to be the most exciting one since the memorable contest of 1855, when Henry A. Wise, the Democratic candidate for Governor, defeated and forever buried the Know-Nothing party, not only in the "Old Dominion," but throughout the Union. The first public discussion between Daniel and Cameron, the Mahone candidate, took place at Henry Court House, on Monday last, and from now until the election in November the progress of the campaign will be watched with deep interest throughout the entire country.

THE Democratic Judicial Conference of the Somerset and Bedford district met and unanimously nominated William J. Baer, of Somerset, for President Judge, on Saturday last. John Cessna is the Republican nominee, and is at the same time running the campaign as chairman of the Republican State Committee. A man possessed of an ordinary share of modesty and humility would see the propriety of relinquishing the chairmanship of a State Committee the moment he was placed before the people for a high and responsible judicial position. Cessna, however, was never accused of having any modesty—at least not enough to hurt him—and he will stick to the "machine" until the State convention supercedes him. The district is Republican, but Mr. Baer proved ten years ago that for the office for which he is again a candidate he is a mighty hard man to defeat.

GEN. ROBERT PATTERSON.

DEATH OF AN OLD AND TRIED SOLDIER.

General Robert Patterson, who had been suffering for two weeks from Bright's disease of the kidneys and fatty degeneration of the heart, died at 9:30 Sunday night, at his residence in Philadelphia, aged 89. He was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, on the 12th of January, 1792. While a mere youth, he came to the United States, and was placed in care of a merchant, and after a good education had a military experience by service in the war of 1812, which he left with the rank of captain. Returning to commercial life at the close of the war, he became, in time, largely interested in manufacturing business, which he carried on successfully for many years, and at the time of his death was owner of three cotton mills, in which over 4,000 operatives are employed. He took great interest in militia organization in his city and State, and became the Major General of the First division in 1824, which rank he held for forty years. In the violent political disturbances which took place in December, 1835, General Patterson, in obedience to a requisition from the Governor, repaired to Harrisburg with his division, and by his prompt, energetic and soldierly deportment allayed the unhappy excitement which then prevailed at the capital, and which, but for his forbearance and good conduct, might have produced the most disastrous consequences. In 1844 he rendered important military service in suppressing the disgraceful riot of that date. He took a high position in the Mexican war and at the outbreak of the late war was at once commissioned by Governor Curtin as Major General, and assigned to the command of the Pennsylvania three months' volunteers; ordered by the Federal government to the command of a military department composed of the States of Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland and the District of Columbia; assumed command of the troops at Chambersburg, Pa., and moved into Maryland, finally crossing the Potomac at Williamsport; pursued Jackson to Hainesville, and held his forces at Winchester during the battle of Bull Run.

In early life he was a decided Democrat, and took an active part in politics, especially in support of his dear old friend General Jackson, but never held a political office.—"When I left my father's house," he said one day, "about seventy years ago, I determined not to take an office or profit, but to rely on my own energy and industry to support myself and my family if I ever had one. I have adhered to this purpose, and have not allowed either of my sons to take an office of profit. I have voted at every Presidential election since the war of 1812; was on intimate and friendly terms with Monroe, Jackson, Adams, Van Buren, Harrison, Taylor, Polk, Pierce, Buchanan, Lincoln and Grant; have dined with nearly all of them at the White House, and most of them have dined at my house. I had the honor of intimate and friendly relations with Henry Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Benton, Hugh L. White, Tazewell, Grundy, Dallas, Poindexter, Lincoln, of Massachusetts, Silas Wright, Marcy, Bayard, Reverdy Johnson and most of the intellectual giants of the Senate and House of Representatives of bygone days."

When the civil war broke out, some of the local politicians took it into their heads that he was disloyal, because he was a Democrat, and they committed a plan of sending a crowd to his house to force him to put out the flag. A number of gentlemen heard of the proceeding, and rallied to the general's house, and placed themselves inside for his defense. The multitude came, and the venerable citizen stepped to the front of his residence and boldly faced them. He told them he had heard of their visit, and that he was ready for them. "I fought all my life for my country and for the old flag in two great wars, and I shall do as much against the present rebellion. But I do not apologize to you. You will be sorry for this wrong to one of my years; but, before I go, I want to give you a little advice. Go to the front yourselves, and when you have shown the right kind of patriotism you can come and teach it to me." Needless to say that the party retired a good deal crestfallen.

General Patterson's public employments have been chiefly confined to the military service of the country. He has, however, occupied several civil stations of prominence. He was the first President of the Philadelphia & Wilmington railroad company. When the State of Pennsylvania proceeded to commence a system of internal improvements, and authorized the appointment of a board of Canal Commissioners, to consist of nine persons, General Patterson was appointed by Gov. Shultz, in 1827 as one of the board. After serving about two years he resigned. He was Presidential elector, and presided over the electoral college in 1856. He was for many years President of the board of inspectors of the eastern penitentiary, and as early as 1827 elected by the Legislature a Director of the Philadelphia Bank, continued until the war with Mexico, when this appointment, and others of a civil character which he held, were vacated by him in consequence of his appointment as Major General in the army of the United States. For many years he had been President of the Hibernian Society.

THE WEALTHIEST NEGRO IN GEORGIA.—His name is Henry Todd, says an Atlanta despatch to the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and he lives at Darien, in this State. When a youth his master died and left him his freedom as a reward for his faithful attention during the slaveholder's last sickness. Young Todd was so esteemed that they insisted on his remaining in their employ and paid him a handsome salary. He was a sort of assistant overseer on the plantation, and by the kind aid of white friends he soon became a prosperous farmer. In a few years his affairs showed the result of industry and natural business talent in a snug little fortune. His quiet manners and strict uprightness guarded him from the bitter prejudice which in those days both races felt for the average "free nigger." Henry Todd was not enough to hold slaves himself, and he purchased several as a matter of economy. When the Confederacy fell he lost twenty negroes and some money in Confederate bonds. This severe blow was in measure counteracted by his good fortune, having on hand a crop of cotton, which then commanded 50 cents a pound. After the war he continued his farming operations, but also engaged in the lumber business. His remarkable success continued, and to-day he owns two large lumber mills and exports very extensively. He is sixty-five years old and has an excellent education. He is worth $100,000 in good investments. He lives in a neat country home, surrounded by a family of five children, who enjoy the luxuries of life. Every summer they leave the coast and spend the hot months at a house which they own in one of the cool mountain nooks of North Georgia. Henry Todd has carefully kept from active participation in politics, though he has frequently been solicited to be a candidate. He has constantly voted the Democratic ticket and has always warned his colored friends against the carpet-baggers who have deceived and swindled them in Georgia since the war. His example is in every way healthy for the negroes of Georgia. He is public-spirited and generous, giving freely to charitable objects. He has educated his children well and will leave them rich.

THE IGNORED AFRICAN.—Although there have been Republican mayors in Philadelphia from 1858 until 1881, with the single exception of the one term of Mayor Fox, no colored man was ever appointed as policeman until a Democratic reform mayor commissioned him. For a period of sixteen years the colored voters have held the balance of power, as a rule, in both city and State, and they have, with rare exceptions, uniformly voted the Republican ticket, but no colored voter ever elevated to any position of honor or profit either in Philadelphia or in Pennsylvania. The colored citizen has never been nominated for either legislative or congressional honors, nor has he ever been seen in the councils of this or any other city in the State. He was a hewer of wood and a drawer of water for the politicians, and a few glib and unscrupulous colored leaders have sold the colored vote for a price as regularly as important elections came along.—*Philadelphia Times (Ind.)*

NO GOOD PREACHING.—No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a law suit well, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See another column.—*Albany Times.* M. L. Oatman is the authorized agent in Ebensburg for the sale of Hop Bitters.

LAPHAM'S PEAK is the highest in Wisconsin. It has another name, Holy Hill, and another distinction on account of the miracles said to be wrought there in answer to prayer. The cures claimed are marvellous indeed, ranging from the instantaneous mending of broken legs to the recovery of consumptives whom physicians had given up to die. The praying is done by Methodists. They claim to have saved Mr. Garfield.

A THOROUGH and safe remedy is Dr. METTAUR'S HEADACHE AND DYSPEPSIA PILLS. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents. [1-27.-1m]

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Your duty is to keep from getting sick, if you can. With PERUNA you can.

—An eloping couple at Hartford were a black man of 30 and a white girl of 15.

—The Democratic State Convention will meet at Williamsport, September 28th.

—There were 525 births, 143 marriages and 838 deaths in New York city last week.

—Michael Richard was run over and killed by a train near Meadville on Saturday night.

—William Dripps, of Coatesville, was killed on Saturday by being thrown from a wagon.

—Eva Wirtz, a deaf and dumb girl, while walking on the track near Renovo, Saturday, was struck by a fast train and instantly killed.

—The Washington *Republican* says that ex-Senator Conkling has already received three $50,000 retaining fees.

—Turpin Jenckes, a man seventy years old, has been arrested at East Longmeadow, Conn., on suspicion of murder.

—John W. Green and Wm. Lee attacked each other at Petersburg, Va., on Friday, inflicting injuries from which both died.

—William Gale, a New York pedestrian, has completed 6,000 consecutive quarter-miles in 6,000 consecutive ten minutes.

—Captain Holder, of Marietta, Ohio, has 25,000 specimens of spiders, and may therefore be called the champion spider Holder.

—Clarence Frett, of Reading, six years old, on Friday ran against a chisel which a carpenter was carrying and cut off his ear.

—Some of the parents at Cambridge City, Ind., blew up with dynamite the saloon in which liquor had been sold to their children.

—A sensitive girl at Harrisburg was thrown into convulsions by the sight of a wall covered with circus and menagerie pictures.

—A counterfeit quarter dollar has made its appearance in Philadelphia. It is well executed and is somewhat difficult to detect, except by experts.

—During the last two years Senator Plumb, of Kansas, is said to have cleared $3,000,000 in mining operations. A nice plum for Senator Plumb.

—Mrs. Catharine Dougherty died at Phoenixville on Sunday. In February last she reached the age of 105. She was born in County Tyrone, Ireland.

—Three little daughters of D. O. Bailey, an industrious farmer, living ten miles from Sherman, Texas, were struck by lightning on Friday and instantly killed.

—Eight New York ladies, whose husbands are estimated to be worth $300,000,000, dined together at a Saratoga hotel on Thursday, and gossiped like ordinary folks.

—Since it is reported that Garfield drinks "milk with a dash of rum in it," Peck's *Sun* is certain that his friends have taken its advice and tapped a Democratic cow.

—David Johnson, of New Berlin, Somerset county, aged about 70 years, was found in the woods near his home on Friday in an unconscious condition and died soon after.

—Mrs. Simpson shot and killed William P. Tyburn, at Coraville, Ohio, on Friday, for refusing to deny that certain affectionate letters in his possession were written by her.

—John Hoffman, who led a party of lynchers into the Fredonia (Kan.,) jail, on Monday last, was shot and mortally wounded by one of the prisoners who were to be lynched.

—Chester Freer, of Stone Ridge, N. Y., has a ten-year-old dog that is ten inches in height and twelve inches in width. When he lies on his side he is higher than when on his feet.

—Cardinal Manning has declared himself in favor of legislation to put down intemperance, maintaining that moral means has been tried enough, and proved insufficient of itself.

—George Wright was murdered on a Missouri Railroad train on Saturday by two men, one of whom split his skull with a hatchet, while the other fired a pistol ball into his head.

—Charleston and Lincoln, Ill., report a strange malady affecting the eyes of cows and producing blindness. The disease is spreading rapidly and creating considerable consternation.

—General Hancock has been invited by Secretary Lincoln to command the military at the Yorktown celebration and promises to make the military display an attractive feature of the ceremonies.

—A new company will shortly be formed in England with a capital of £4,000,000 sterling for reclaiming the waste land in Ireland, amounting to about one-fifth of the superficial area of the country.

—Iowa husband on going home found his wife carousing with four men. He adroitly got the five offenders into five separate rooms, locked the doors, and then thrashed them soundly, one be one.

—George Algeschiem of Washington county, Cal., a few days ago, in a fit of rage, shot his daughter, inflicting a painful, though not dangerous wound. He then fled to the woods and committed suicide.

—J. B. Moreland, in the employ of G. W. Harper, sewing machine agent, of Connellsville, eloped with Mrs. Harper a couple of weeks ago. The husband says he will try to bear it if they will stay away.

—An Iowa wife sues for a divorce because her husband bought candy for another woman. Such a man is "worse than an infidel." Divorce and alimony should be granted by unanimous consent.

—Three hundred dissenters from established denominations residing in the neighborhood of Charlotte, Mich., have organized the Living Church of God. Twelve of their number are at work on a new Bible.

—Early last night last, George Smith, of Buffalo, took hold of a few of the brushes of the generating machine of the Brush Electric Light Company in such a manner as to unite the current and was instantly killed.

—Elder James White, the founder of the sect of the "Seventh Day Adventists" and president of their publishing association and of the College at Battle Creek in Michigan, died at that place on Saturday at the age of sixty years.

—Frank Crawfut, of Nelson, Tioga county, so brutally beat his wife a few nights ago that she fled to the woods and hid between two logs and covered herself with brush. She was discovered by searching citizens twenty-four hours after.

—A story is told of a little boy who starved to death in Pittsburgh, because of a throat disease. He lived four weeks without eating or drinking. Suffering terribly just before he died, he asked his mother if he would get any dinner in heaven.

—William Weeks and Thomas Warren, of Coventry, R. I., were killed by lightning on Sunday morning. They had gone from their house to the woodshed, when the lightning struck an overhanging tree and passed into the shed with fatal results.

—While tearing down an old building in Pittston, Pa., on Saturday, the skeleton of a man buried in a box was found alongside the wall. The skull and teeth were natural, and a pair of mining shoes which were at the feet were in a fair state of preservation.

—In a heavy storm at Rochester, N. Y., on Saturday, hail stones of the average size of marbles fell. Eight quarts of stones were gathered from a canvas six feet square. Some were picked up measuring from three to four and one-half inches in circumference.

—The soldiers' orphans of the State will hold a three days' reunion at Harrisburg, beginning August 24. Ex-Governor Curtin will deliver the formal opening address, and other distinguished speakers will be present. The railroads will issue tickets at reduced rates.

—"Good square" talk is that of the Boston *Pilot* when it says that "the miscreant who would ship dynamite on a steamer filled with American passengers, whether he intended it to explode or not, is not fit to live in America, be he Irish 'skirmisher' or English detective."

—Too much work and too little food have thrown a Baltimore girl into a strange condition of hysteria and epilepsy. During several weeks she has lain unconscious of her surroundings, but fancying that she sees her dead parents, to whom she talks rapturously.

—John W. Wright, a patent medicine peddler from Philadelphia, was committed in Lancaster, last Thursday evening, in default of $1,000 bail, on the charge of having feloniously assaulted Mrs. Elizabeth Rutter, whose house he entered at noon, on the pretext of selling goods.

—Bob Osborn and his son Tom shot and wounded Frank Pate and his son Willis in Weakley county, Tennessee, on July 11. On Friday as Bob and Tom Osborn were going home from McKenzie, Carrol county, they were ambushed and shot dead, being riddled with buckshot.

—A bridegroom slapped his bride's face two hours after marriage, as they were about to take a train at Whiteside, Ill., for a honeymoon tour. She stood still in surprise, but only for a moment. Then she seized his cane, belabored him well, and went back home with her parents.

—Two children of Mrs. Fisher, a widow, residing near Queenstown, in the District of Columbia, were kicked to death by an unknown murderer, during the absence of the mother and others of the family, on Saturday evening. A colored farm hand, who has disappeared, is suspected of the crime.

—The boiler of a steam threshing machine on the farm of Henry Young, near Columbia, Illinois, on the St. Louis and Cairo Railroad, exploded on Tuesday morning, killing five persons and seriously injuring five others. The names of three of the killed are Fitzgerald, Nathan Brown and Alfred Arnold, the two latter colored men.

—The coroner's jury in the case of three children of Charles Moody, colored, of Lake Village, N. H., who were burned on the evening of July 4, 1881, returned a verdict on Tuesday last that the children were murdered and the house burned to conceal the murder. Moody and his wife have been arrested.

—An East India bishop has just admitted to holy orders a Mr. Thomas Rickards, till lately a miner at Callington, in Cornwall, who is said, "by constant perseverance, to have taught himself Latin, Greek, Hebrew, German, French and Syrian;" and this prodigy of learning is now teaching the natives of Burmah.

—The murderers of Mr. McClure, at McKeesport, Pa., are said to be part of a gang organized for over a year, and known as "The Sons of One Hundred and One." Their motto, full of significance, is "Dead men tell no tales," and the people in that neighborhood are disposed to take them at their word.

—Andrew Carnegie, of New York and Pittsburg, an American citizen but a native of Dunfermline, Scotland, has intimated to the custodian of the Dunfermine Abbey his desire to fill the large west window with stained glass. Mr. Carnegie has already given £13,000 for public baths and a free library in Dunfermline.

—William Berry, of Cincinnati, was engaged to marry the widow Newkirk, and the day appointed for the wedding was close at hand. Mrs. Newkirk's daughter, Clara, came home from a convent school to witness the ceremony. Clara had all her mother's characteristics and the additional charm of youth. Berry transferred his love to the daughter, and eloped with her.

—A special despatch states that several prominent persons have mysteriously died at Lancaster, N. H., within a year, and that a young woman is suspected of killing them by poison. It is stated that arsenic has been found in the stomach of one of the deceased, and that the immediate exhumation and examination of the internal organs of the others who mysteriously died will take place.

—Mrs. Ann McHale, of Pittston, is suing the Southern Pennsylvania Mutual Relief Association of Hanover for $2000, the amount of a policy of insurance issued in September, 1880, by that company on the life of her father, Mr. Peter Cunningham, who died seven months ago. Mrs. McHale had paid $50 in assessments, and the company only sent her $30, saying that was all she was entitled to.

—The *Roman Aurora*, an Italian Catholic newspaper, published in Rome, Italy, which was started in the reign of the late Pope Pius IX., as his official organ, and which now holds the same relation to the present Pope Leo XIII., contains in its issue of July 8 nearly two columns of matter devoted to the attempted assassination of President Garfield, expressing abhorrence of the crime and sympathy for the American people.

—Judge James D. Colt, of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, committed suicide on Tuesday afternoon by shooting himself in his private office at Pittsfield, in which town he was born October 8, 1816. Judge Colt was appointed to the Supreme Bench in 1865, previous to which he filled several important offices, and at the time of his death was one of the trustees of Williams College. He had for some time been in very bad health.

—One of the most audacious and transparent of knaves was the fellow who introduced himself at Painesville, Ohio, as an enormously wealthy banker from San Francisco, showed a letter of credit on the London Rothschilds for $400,000, and boasted of friendship with Gould and Vanderbilt. One of the silliest of dupes was the girl who married him, after a weeks' acquaintance, on his promise to give her a magnificent home in Europe.

—A letter to the Charleston *News and Courier* from the western part of Darlington county, S. C., says that on Thursday afternoon as a group of twenty men, all white road hands, were standing close to the house of J. H. Clyburn, near Hartsville, a single stroke of lightning killed four and wounded ten of the number. Five of the wounded are desperately hurt and may die. There was no storm at the time, though heavy rain fell shortly afterwards.

—A tent occupied by men in grading on the Canada Pacific railroad, near Grand Valley, was struck by lightning during a storm on the 30th ult., and two of the men were instantly killed. Another one of the men who was supposed to have been killed was laid out for burial. He recovered, but seeing the blackened corpses of his comrades on each side, his mind became so affected that he is now a raving maniac. The names of the unfortunate have not as yet been ascertained.

—Singular as it may seem with the mercury up among the nineties, a poor fellow named Irishman who lives in a country mill hates her enemies. It was left for a "liberal" government, under the Liberal Gladstone, to do what "the blessed mayors" and his blessed successors were damned by England and Europe for doing in days gone by. The right of trial by jury, so the English historians tell us, is one of the privileges enjoyed by Englishmen. But evidently this right must be an Englishman to enjoy it thoroughly. It is denied to the Irish whenever occasion requires. John Dillon was not granted a hearing before a jury, but was locked up in jail, as in Russia or whatever was preferred against him. He has been cooped up in a cell in Kilmainham jail and for months illegally and outrageously deprived of his liberty, and now the "Liberal" Gladstone and his "liberal" associates have decided to set him free. Is it any wonder that dynamite, or any other hellish device that will lead to the chastisement of that government, suggests itself to the Irish mind?

HAY FEVER.—Mr. A. L. Avery, Pharmacist, Newark, N. J.: Having been severely afflicted for eleven years with Hay Fever, after trying almost everything without avail, I gave up all hopes of being cured, when I purchased of you a box of Ely's Cream Balm. To my surprise after a few applications, I was entirely relieved. R. Watson Harris, Letter Carrier No. 14 New P. O., Newark, N. J.

MESSRS. WHITE & BURDICK, Druggists, Ithaca, N. Y.—I recommend to those suffering (as I have been) with Hay Fever, Ely's Cream Balm. Have tried nearly all the remedies I could find, and give this a decided preference over them all. It has given me immediate relief. C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y. Sep. 6, 1880. Price, 50 cents. Sold at the new drug store, Ebensburg.

—In June last a vessel laden with tropical fruits and wood was burned while at anchor in Philadelphia. Before the firemen could arrive it was evident the vessel could not be saved, and it was known that there were two men sleeping on board. John Haney, a canal boatman, was near the burning ship, and learning of the danger of the two men went to their rescue at the imminent risk of his own life. He brought first one man and then another to the dock, and his labors resulted in the saving of one life. The second man brought from the ship was so badly injured he could not recover. His noble work has cost the hero his life, for he contracted then a disease which since then grew daily in severity, until at last, within a few days, the brave man succumbed. He was well known about Easton, and his death was received with much sorrow.

THE HEIGHT OF FOLLY.—To wait until you are down on your bed with disease you may not get over for months, is the height of folly, when you might be easily cured during the early symptoms by using Parker's Ginger Tonic. It costs only a trifle, can never do any harm, and possesses curative properties in the highest degree. We have known the palest, sickliest looking men, women and children become the roslest and healthiest, from the timely use of this pure family medicine. See advertisement in another column.—*Observer.* For sale at the new drug store, Ebensburg. [7-22.-1m.]

THE NEW YORK *Sun* tells of a singular accident which happened to Prudence Arch, a young colored woman of Quogue, on Tuesday of last week. She was standing by the creek watching a fish hawk that was seemingly anxious to alight. She watched the hawk with her mouth wide open and a hornet stung her in the roof of her mouth. She swallowed the hornet and it stung her inwardly. Dr. Benjamin of Riverhead attended the injured woman and on Thursday she was pronounced out of danger.

DRUGGISTS PRAISE THEM.—"We always reccommend Malt Bitters."

"A perfect food medicine,"

"Best nourishing agent we know of."

"Women and children take Malt Bitters."

"Overcome nervousness and sleeplessness."

"Not a vile rum bitters."

"A perfect renovater of exhausted nature."

"Most successful medicine in the world."

AT Cornishville, Mercer county, Ky., on Saturday, Thomas Brown met Daniel Huffman and asked him to take a drink, and then, without a word, instantly shot him dead with a pistol. Almost immediately Brown himself fell dead, pierced by a ball from a pistol in the hands of some one unknown. A feud had existed between Huffman and Brown for two years.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT.—Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself from every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at E. James' Drug Store, Ebensburg, Pa., and procure a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it. Use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. [4-8.-e.o.w.1y.]

FREAKS OF LIGHTNING.—Lightning struck a pine tree at the head of Colvin's Creek, N. C., and kindled a fire that swept 7,000 acres of land, destroying timber, crops and turpentine.

Mother and son were struck by lightning at the residence of Widow Kransi, at Watertown, Wis. The mother lost her hearing and her twelve-year-old son was killed.

Lightning struck the house of A. J. Smith, at Amherst, Wis., and made kindling wood of the four posts of the bed on which Mr. and Mrs. Smith and their child were sleeping, killing Mrs. Smith instantly, and injuring her husband and child.

—Mr. Litl, of New York, was talking with Mr. Payne and Mr. Wynn, in their warehouse, at Dadeville, Alabama, when lightning struck the warehouse. Mr. Litl was tossed up against the ceiling. Mr. Wynn threw an involuntary double somersault backward, and Mr. Payne was stripped of his clothing and thrown to the floor.

The sun was shining brightly at Adrian, Mich., although there were indications of a distant storm, when a lightning stroke instantly killed Charles Mead, a boy who was playing ball. The bolt struck the boy's right temple, burning off his hair, stripped him of his clothes, and sent into the air the ball he held in his hands.

A bolt of lightning shattered an elm in front of the residence of George Tate, at Biddeford, Me., entered the house by a second-story window, shivered a mirror without injuring the frame, broke a fragment from the steel plate of a sewing machine, cut a round hole through the floor into the room below, broke a vase on the mantel in this room, and departed after throwing to the floor Miss Tate, who was sitting in the next room.

In a recent storm in Iowa a ball of fire came out of the sky, remained apparently motionless for a few seconds, and then sent in as many different directions fully thirty zigzag bolts of lightning, which flashed over the whole northern heavens. In this same storm a wave of light shot up from the southwestern horizon and illuminated the whole heavens for twenty minutes. The light was flame color, and bright as sunlight. It changed to violet and blush red, which colors lasted forty minutes.

A VERY ingenious swindle is being worked successfully on the farmers of this State and Ohio. A number of persons have been caught in the northern counties of this State that are just coming to realize the full import of the "agency" they took last spring. A gang of swindelers have been over the country appointing well-to-do farmers agents for some patent contrivance alleged to be of use in agriculture or in connection with the duties of the housewife on the farm. These fellows are glib talkers and the pitchfork, or churn, or pump, or corn-husker, cow-milker, dish-washer or whatnot which they especially represent is of course the best thing in the world and is taking everywhere it has been tried. They are so confident of the sale of the article that they "run all the risk" themselves and let the responsible farmer have the agency and a sample, only requiring him to sign a contract that three months or one year after date he promises to pay to the village bank $30 when he sells $325 worth of the patent. This contract is so written that the end is torn off and leaves a good straight note for $325, payable at the bank, at six per cent. interest. Several grangers have lately received notice of such notes falling due and are paying up, there being no escape.

—A few days ago an aged German, living on Market street, says the *Hartford Times*, left his vest in the store of his employer for a short time. When he returned he found that two watches, one of gold and one of silver, had been stolen from the vest. Now comes the most singular part of the story. The old man a night or two ago dreamed he saw the watches covered with straw in a corner of the yard adjoining the house where he slept. The next morning he told his dream, and was laughed by all the household except the woman head of the family. She advised him to go and look over the place designated in his dream. He did so, and in a few minutes his cries of joy brought forth all the household. He had, by poking in the straw in the spot designated, found one watch, and was almost overcome. A few minutes' further search brought to light the other watch and the chains. Now the old man rejoices, and is a firm believer in dreams.

TRUE TO THE LETTER.—The Chicago *Daily News* of Monday hits the nail square on the head when it says:

The only excuse which the British Government can offer for the outrage upon John Dillon is that he is an Irishman who loves his country and hates her enemies. It was left for a "liberal" government, under the Liberal Gladstone, to do what "the blessed mayors" and his blessed successors were damned by England and Europe for doing in days gone by. The right of trial by jury, so the English historians tell us, is one of the privileges enjoyed by Englishmen. But evidently this right must be an Englishman to enjoy it thoroughly. It is denied to the Irish whenever occasion requires. John Dillon was not granted a hearing before a jury, but was locked up in jail, as in Russia or whatever was preferred against him. He has been cooped up in a cell in Kilmainham jail and for months illegally and outrageously deprived of his libery, and now the "Liberal" Gladstone and his "liberal" associates have decided to set him free. Is it any wonder that dynamite, or any other hellish device that will lead to the chastisement of that government, suggests itself to the Irish mind?

HAY FEVER.—Mr. A. L. Avery, Pharmacist, Newark, N. J.: Having been severely afflicted for eleven years with Hay Fever, after trying almost everything without avail, I gave up all hopes of being cured, when I purchased of you a box of Ely's Cream Balm. To my surprise after a few applications, I was entirely relieved. R. Watson Harris, Letter Carrier No. 14 New P. O., Newark, N. J.

MESSRS. WHITE & BURDICK, Druggists, Ithaca, N. Y.—I recommend to those suffering (as I have been) with Hay Fever, Ely's Cream Balm. Have tried nearly all the remedies I could find, and give this a decided preference over them all. It has given me immediate relief. C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y. Sep. 6, 1880. Price, 50 cents. Sold at the new drug store, Ebensburg.

Full Particulars.

On the 1st of this month our stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods at Oak Hall was seven hundred and forty-three thousand one hundred and seventy-five dollars and eighty-one cents.

$743.175.81

These are the exact figures

Where is there another such stock to select from?
The old house has been remodeled.
The old hands (most of them) are still there.
The old principles of just and right prices, sound goods, fashionable styles, substantial finish, are strictly adhered to.

John Wanamaker

Who founded the business, is at Oak Hall every day looking after things, and in all the history of Oak Hall it was

never so wide awake

to push up its high standards and drop down to lower prices.

An old-time greeting to our friends everywhere, and another cordial invitation extended to come to Oak Hall.

Wanamaker & Brown,
OAK HALL,
Cor. Sixth and Market Streets, Philadelphia.
The Largest Clothing House in America.

Postscript.

The last new thing we have done is to open a TEN DOLLAR ROOM, where we have gathered a great lot of full Suits, suitable for dress or business, which we shall sell at $10.

You can judge of the cheapness of our stock by seeing what we can do for $10.

W. & B.

A WONDERFUL DREAM.

The following story of a remarkable dream which led to singular results is told by the Wilkes-Barre *Union-Leader* of last week:

On the late train from New York over the

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - - AUG. 12, 1881.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Glass and tin fruit jars and jelly glasses very cheap at Barkers'.

—The thermometer last Saturday ran up as high as 96° in the shade.

—The undertaker's delight" is the latest name for strychnine whisky.

—A few straw hats still at Barkers', which will be closed out regardless of cost.

—Much better do without sugar and coffee than to be out of PERUNA. At new drug store.

—Fifty-seven passengers came through from Pittsburgh to Ebensburg by Saturday evening's train.

—The Altoona *Sun* says that Mrs. T. R. McClelland, of that city, is rusticating in Ebensburg. Welcome.

—Four hundred trees were prostrated by a recent wind storm in Salem township, Westmoreland county.

—It is confidently expected that Altoona will have fully 30,000 inhabitants to be counted in the next census.

—Miss Sholler, aged 14, of Conemaugh borough, is the latest small-pox patient reported in or about Johnstown.

—One hundred and thirty-one snakes were killed on the Cambria Iron Company's farm at Hollietta, Blair county, on Monday.

—It is a fact patent to all that Barker & Bro. sell more sugar than any other dealer in town. Cause why, they sell so much cheaper.

—The Sheridan Troop didn't bring their band with them. Hence their failure to furnish the good music we promised our citizens.

—The annual session of the State Sunday School Association will be held in Johnstown on the 18th, 19th and 20th of October, proximo.

—Coup's Great Show, and a good one it is said to be, exhibited in Johnstown yesterday (Thursday) and will exhibit in Altoona today.

—Buckingham's Dye for the whiskers is an elegant, safe and reliable article, cheap, and convenient for use; will not rub off. Try it!

—Divine service was held in the county jail last Sunday, on which occasion no less than three several brief discourses were delivered.

—Don't forget that you can save agents' commission by buying any kind of a sewing machine at Barkers'. All machines are warranted to be perfect.

—Jerry Miller is after the owners of leaky hydrants in Altoona. His name is John A. Baer, and he is the man who regulates the water supply of that city.

—An examination of applicants for professional teachers' certificates was held by County Superintendent Strayer in the Union School House last Saturday.

—Rev. Daniel O'Connell, of the Pittsburgh cathedral, has been appointed to fill the place made vacant in Bedford by the transfer of Rev. A. J. M. Brown to Latrobe.

—Mr. James Burke, of Summerhill township, offers for sale seventy-nine acres of land underlaid with coal, fine timber, and an orchard on one. See advertisement in another column.

—Don't neglect to tell your neighbors that all summer dress goods have been remanded to the bargain counter at Barkers', and are to be sold at from 5 to 10 cents per yard.

—Gen. Beale and family are sojourning at the Mountain House, Cresson, but that fact don't account for the ho(y)t weather we have been having in streaks for some time past.

—A popular greeting on Tuesday last—special Argument Court day: "How are you, Judge Dean?" and how have you been since last you were seen in this village sense?"

—V. S. Barker & Bro. have placed a lot of fine shoes on their bargain counter, and now is the time to take advantage of the great reduction in the price of these indispensible articles. Go for them immediately.

—The Fair grounds at Altoona have been purchased by the P. R. R. Co., but they ain't the only fair grounds for presuming that a mammoth wheel and car-spring factory is soon to be erected thereon.

—The August moon is shining this week, between Tuesday and Friday nights, and comet C is rushing down upon us from the northeast at a rate which will soon enable anybody to see comet C with the naked e'e.

—Remnants of cottonade and other goods for summer pants can be bought at a great reduction in price at Barkers', when 12½ cents per yard, will purchase enough stuff to make a pair of pants. Go and see how that is.

—A special train from Ebensburg to Cresson was run last Monday, and one from Cresson to Ebensburg on Tuesday. They were for the benefit of the warm-weather guests at either end of the line, and both were extensively patronized.

—A young son of Mr. John Thomas, of Cambria township, made himself a little too familiar with a feed cutter one day last week, and now mourns the loss of fully one-half of the two first fingers of the left hand and the point of the third one on his right hand.

—The tortures of neuralgic pains, sick and nervous headache, are instantly banished by the use of Dr. Faust's German Cure for Neuralgia and Headache. Guaranteed to relieve. Ask druggists. For sale by E. James, Ebensburg. [4-1,'81.-e.o.w.1y.]

—"I have suffered beyond endurance." "My life has been a burden to me." "I have been denied the pleasures of society." Extracts from testimonials of those cured of skin and scrofulous humors by the Cuticura Remedies. [18-5.-1m.]

—Who can beat us?—*Mount Ez-ekiah, last week.* To say nothing of the "resting," which we hope you will escape by the great hereafter, we incline to the opinion that no one can beat you on "ears."

—It is impossible for a woman after a faithful course of treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, to continue to suffer with a weakness of the uterus. Enclose a stamp to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for her pamphlet.

—A. Fifth Regiment, N. G. P., of this place, to the number of forty-five or fifty, left by special train to Cresson on Wednesday morning last for the Second Brigade encampment near Saltsburg, Indiana county, where we are sure they will give a good account of themselves.

—Shiloh's Cure Remedy is a marvellous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints, without extra charge. Price 50 cts. Sold by E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1.-e.o.w.1y.]

—Early on Tuesday morn, at break of day, rode the Sheridan Troop, from Tyrone all the way; and soon after the sun in the west had gone down, we doubt not they reached camp near Saltsburg town, from which they'll return in a day or two more, with sabres all sheathed and b—odies all sore.

—Our young friend Mr. Charley Latterner was to town this week, and informed us that he has severed his connection with the well-known clothing establishment of Mr. Jno. Wolf, Altoona, and had accepted a situation with the Eleventh avenue firm, same city. If he has gone up higher, we are glad of it.

—An intoxicated small-pox nurse running at large created quite a sensation in Johnstown on Tuesday afternoon, but he was suppressed by being gobbled up and taken before a Mayor the next day he was hearing before the Burgess, who imposed a fine of ten dollars and costs upon which he paid.

—Mr. Harry Bessler, brother-in-law of our friend and patron Mr. A. H. Taylor, of Cambria but now of Fayette county, Iowa, arrived at the latter place on Monday, died of consumption at his home near Williamsburg, Blair county, on Tuesday evening of last week, aged about 23 years. Peace to his ashes.

—It is said that Hon. Samuel Calvin, of Hollidaysburg, recently sold the timber on a tract of land in White township, this county, for the snug sum of $45,000. The same tract, timber and all, was bought, we are told, a number of years ago by that gentleman from a citizen of this place, now dead, for the paltry sum of one thousand dollars.

—The Hollidaysburg exchanges took a week to Ebensburg, Indiana county, the night we were there, to have gone the same journey this week, having failed to reach up to the time of going to press. We appreciate the aforesaid exchanges and they come to hand in good time, we presume, to know by these presents that their pay will be raised if the other fellow don't soon erased from the list of papers.

—The second chapter of the speculative farming swindle recently developed in this place, we are assured, just been entered into by a local agent of the parties interested—who have been busy at work in this section as witnesses before the county to the death of a gentleman upon whose life the risk (we use the mark!) was recently taken. It would seem to indicate that the insurance swindlers, who, we venture to say, will find the money thus obtained a bitter instead of a bountiful blessing.

—Mr. James Wherry lives in the West ward, and in the lot whereon his house is situate is a hollow apple-tree. He relates the singular circumstance that in this tree a swarm of bees have taken up their abode, and whenever the sun shines the tiny insects may be seen pursuing their customary avocation of laying up a supply of sweets to grace somebody's table withal further along.

—Mr. George A. Akers, editor of Altoona's Sunday paper, the *Sunday Morning*, has effected arrangements by which that journal will be delivered in this place the morning of its publication, beginning with next Sunday. Mr. Aleck Foster will be the local agent. The *Sunday Morning*, in addition to general and local news, will contain the latest telegraphic despatches up to the time of going to press.

—Two prisoners were turned out of jail last Monday, their respective terms of imprisonment having expired, but their places were filled Tuesday evening by two customers hailing from Johnstown. Of those who got out, one was a woman (the survivor of the notorious Clark Sisters duo), and one who got in was a colored man. In all, the jail has the respectable complement of 30 inmates.

—Mr. Thomas Dougherty and his young son, of Keytesville, Mo., are here on a visit to the venerable parents and other relatives of that gentleman, and propose to remain during the heated term at least. Judging from his appearance, Mr. Dougherty is enjoying the best of health, and we are sure that his many friends in this vicinity will be glad to see that great blessing continue with him for all time to come.

—Mr. Michael Fitzharris, proprietor of the leading hotel at Gallitzin, this county, and who, by the way, is a gentleman well known to many of our readers, has recently been granted a pension dating from June 30, 1865. Mr. Fitzharris was a member of Co. D, 84th Regiment, P. V., during the late rebellion, and having faithfully served his country in the time of war it is no more than right that he should be recompensed for his wounds in the time of peace.

—A note from our good friend Rev. A. J. M. Brown, of Bedford, informs us that on and after to-day (Thursday) his address will be Latrobe, Pa. Father Brown is a genial, fun-loving gentleman, a zealous priest, and a great admirer of the FREEMAN, and is well known and highly esteemed in this county, where he spent many days before and during his college career as a visitor to his brother's family, who then resided near Wilmore.

—The FREEMAN household had the pleasure this week of a visit only too brief from an esteemed lady friend and two of her children, Mrs. Mary W. Burg, of Wheeling, W. Va., formerly of Hollidaysburg, whose husband, Prof. C. O. Burg, and eldest son are now on a visit to the Fatherland (Germany), where Mr. Burg's venerable mother, who is the sole surviving member of the family, still lives. A safe journey home to all of them.

—George Levering, of Johnstown, sought to break up a marriage on Thursday night last between the girl he loved and a chap he didn't love, and with that object in view fired two shots from a revolver into the room where the ceremony was being performed. The wedding went on all the same, however, and George subsequently went, or, more properly speaking, was brought to our county jail, where he now broods in silence over the mutability of things mutable.

—New Germany, in Croyle township, is to be the scene of a picnic only in the day time, as a place wherein to feed his horses. The presence of the bovine was not noticed and the key was turned on her, and there she remained a close prisoner till the following Monday morning, when she was set at liberty. A bag containing about a bushel and a-half of oats was found empty when looked for, but for thirty-six hours at least not a drop of water passed down the cow's throat. Tuesday nigh following, some mischief scoundrels invaded the lot of the owner of this same cow, in the West ward, to steal apples which they might have had for the asking, and in their haste to get either in or out, tore off three palings of the fence. The animal aforesaid found the weak spot, and the denuded appearance of certain growing cornstalks, cabbages, beets, etc., denotes that she tried to make the best of the unlooked-for opportunity this afforded her. If she keeps on her book of adventures for the season will be quite voluminous.

—Robert Hagan, *alias* Williams, *alias* McWilliams, said to be of the genuine tramp persuasion, was brought hither from Johnstown on Tuesday night and committed to jail to await trial at the coming term of Court, for the alleged obtaining on false pretenses of a watch from a jewelry establishment in that place to which Mrs. James B. McCreight had the only lawful claim. The watch in question is worth about $40, but the fact that it was left to Mrs. McC. by her father, ex-Sheriff Patterson, deceased, makes it much more valuable to that lady. The accused got possession of the time-keeper about five months ago by imposing a very plausible story on the clerk of the jewelry establishment, but it was not until several weeks after that the little game was unearthed by the rightful owner possessing her property. Nothing more was learned of the matter until about the beginning of last month, when Mrs. Thompson, who keeps a cigar store in Johnstown, brought the same watch to the same jeweler for repairs. This furnished a clue to the thief, and that clue being followed up eventually led to the arrest of Hagan, as above stated.

IMPROVEMENT FOR MIND AND BODY.—For genuine merit there is no tonic sold that begins to compare with Parker's Ginger Tonic. One 50 ct. bottle contains more life and strength-restoring power than a bushel of malt or a gallon of pure milk. As an appetizer, blood purifier and kidney corrector, it meets with astonishing success, and invalids find its use promptly followed by renewed energy and vivacity, mental and physical improvement, and gradual restoration to perfect health. See other columns. *Commercial.* [7-22.-1m.]

KILLED BY THE CARS AT TYRONE.—An unknown man, whose age could not have been less than fifty-five or sixty years, was struck by the engine of the Chicago Day Express near the warehouse at Tyrone, on Tuesday last, and was so terribly injured that he died in about ten minutes. An Englishman standing near by warned the unfortunate man not to cross the track as the train was coming, but he heeded not the warning and the result was already recorded, the back of his head being crushed in. The Company's physician was promptly summoned, but could do nothing for him. A letter was found on his person addressed to Messrs. Becker, Bower & Co., Reading, Pa.; dated Philadelphia, March 14, 1881, signed J. H. Loomis, Real Estate Agent, and bearing the following request on the opposite side: "Reading, Pa., Aug. 8, 1881.—Please supply this man with work; he is of your trade. By order of committee. Corner Eighth and Chestnut streets, Reading, Pa." A memorandum book with the name of I. Fuchs written therein was also found in one of his pockets. Further than this nothing whereby to identify him could be found.

BE WISE AND HAPPY.—If you will stop all your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and families with expensive doctors or humbug cure-alls, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments—you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good will tell you, is Hop Bitters—rely on it. See another column.—*Press.* Sold at the new drug store, Ebensburg.

THE Huntingdon *Journal* reminds us of the fact that we were "off our egg" when we said that a reunion of the 125th regiment, P. V., is to be held in Altoona, on Saturday, Sept. 18th. We therefore correct the item by saying that Huntingdon is to be the place and Saturday, Sept. 17th, the time for the getting together of the "boys in blue," who may expect to be kindly greeted, well treated and abundantly filled by the hospitable people thereaway.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.—Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, coming up of food, yellow skin, etc., when for 75 cts. E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa., will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, which is guaranteed to cure in every instance? [4-1.-e.o.w.1y.

THE only absolute specific we know of for sneezing, snuffling and choking catarrh or head colds is Sanford's Radical Cure, which for the small sum of $1 affords instant relief and invariably cures.—*Medical Times.* [1m.]

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Special indocements are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay you to read their advertisement, to be found elsewhere in this issue. [3-18.-10m.]

MERCHANTS who suffer from Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, or Billiousness can be cured by using DR. METTAUR'S HEADACHE AND DYSPEPSIA PILLS. Price 25 cents. [7-21.-1m.]

—Prof. F. A. Lyte has tendered his resignation as principal of our borough schools, to which he was recently elected, and the same having been accepted by the Board of Directors, the position, worth $75 per month, is now open for some other applicant. Prof. Lyte, we understand, has accepted a better-paying "posish" on an engineer corps in Allegheny county, where we hope he will continue to prosper physically and financially.

—Ladies, while silently suffering from your many forms of weakness and disorder, to you is given Dr. Faust's German Aromatic Wine, guaranteed to benefit and permanently cure you. A lady writes: "I gained eight pounds in three weeks by your German Aromatic Wine." Sold on a positive guarantee to invigorate, regulate and give new and permanent vital force. Are you a debilitated person, aged and feeble, or just recovering from the effects of exhausting mental or physical work? Revive the drooping energies, get new strength and rich blood by the prompt use of Dr. Faust's German Aromatic Wine. In no way can it be used as an intoxicant.—Ask Druggists. For sale by E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1.-e.o.w.1y.]

—As regards the harvest in the northern part of this county, which is about one-half of the whole, it may be said in general terms that the wheat crop is good, but not quite equal to that of last year; rye not near so good as last year; hay better than last year; oats a fair crop, nearly equivalent to that of a year ago; corn not a good crop as it now stands, but may be materially increased by favorable weather during the balance of this month; potatoes, owing to the dry weather in July, will be small and few in a hill, with exceptions in some localities; apples not near so abundant as last year, but enough for all practical purposes. We omit buckwheat, as we have not heard its condition spoken of, though the long-prevailing drought is likely to have a bad effect on it.

—The remarkable spectacle of a lot of rats up a tree has been witnessed for several evenings past in front of the Cambria House, in this place, and a goodly number of persons have been attracted thither to see the sight. The tree is a tall locust, some of the upper limbs of which extend across the pavement and connect with the roof of the house, thus furnishing the rodents with several natural bridges by which to reach and return from the tree. How the rats get on the roof is not so easy of solution, as no one yet has seen them emerge from their hiding places, but the presumption is that they emerge from a chimney which is not used during the warm weather. Several of the varmints were shot and killed by firing into the tree on Wednesday evening.

—A heavy thunder storm, though of brief duration, passed over this place last Saturday afternoon. Rain fell in torrents, while some slight damage was done to the growing corn by a sprinkling of hailstones about the size of a hickory-nut which descended. The storm, coming from the west, extended northward probably a mile, but to the south it barely went outside the borough limits. During the continuance the stable of Mr. John Owens, in the West ward, was struck by lightning but not much damaged. This is at least the fourth time the lightning has struck in that immediate vicinity of late—Mrs. McDonald's house twice, Mr. J. G. Hasson's stable once, and now Mr. Owens' stable—and the folks living thereabout think it's getting too numerous. A number of trees to the north were also scathed or demolished by the fiery bolts.

—On Saturday evening last a cow invaded a stable in the East ward which is used by Mr. E. J. Humphreys, but only in the day time, as a place wherein to feed his horses. The presence of the bovine was not noticed and the key was turned on her, and there she remained a close prisoner till the following Monday morning, when she was set at liberty. A bag containing about a bushel and a-half of oats was found empty when looked for, but for thirty-six hours at least not a drop of water passed down the cow's throat. Tuesday nigh following, some mischief scoundrels invaded the lot of the owner of this same cow, in the West ward, to steal apples which they might have had for the asking, and in their haste to get either in or out, tore off three palings of the fence. The animal aforesaid found the weak spot, and the denuded appearance of certain growing cornstalks, cabbages, beets, etc., denotes that she tried to make the best of the unlooked-for opportunity this afforded her. If she keeps on her book of adventures for the season will be quite voluminous.

—Robert Hagan, *alias* Williams, *alias* McWilliams, said to be of the genuine tramp persuasion, was brought hither from Johnstown on Tuesday night and committed to jail to await trial at the coming term of Court, for the alleged obtaining on false pretenses of a watch from a jewelry establishment in that place to which Mrs. James B. McCreight had the only lawful claim. The watch in question is worth about $40, but the fact that it was left to Mrs. McC. by her father, ex-Sheriff Patterson, deceased, makes it much more valuable to that lady. The accused got possession of the time-keeper about five months ago by imposing a very plausible story on the clerk of the jewelry establishment, but it was not until several weeks after that the little game was unearthed by the rightful owner possessing her property. Nothing more was learned of the matter until about the beginning of last month, when Mrs. Thompson, who keeps a cigar store in Johnstown, brought the same watch to the same jeweler for repairs. This furnished a clue to the thief, and that clue being followed up eventually led to the arrest of Hagan, as above stated.

IMPROVEMENT FOR MIND AND BODY.—For genuine merit there is no tonic sold that begins to compare with Parker's Ginger Tonic. One 50 ct. bottle contains more life and strength-restoring power than a bushel of malt or a gallon of pure milk. As an appetizer, blood purifier and kidney corrector, it meets with astonishing success, and invalids find its use promptly followed by renewed energy and vivacity, mental and physical improvement, and gradual restoration to perfect health. See other columns. *Commercial.* [7-22.-1m.]

KILLED BY THE CARS AT TYRONE.—An unknown man, whose age could not have been less than fifty-five or sixty years, was struck by the engine of the Chicago Day Express near the warehouse at Tyrone, on Tuesday last, and was so terribly injured that he died in about ten minutes. An Englishman standing near by warned the unfortunate man not to cross the track as the train was coming, but he heeded not the warning and the result was already recorded, the back of his head being crushed in. The Company's physician was promptly summoned, but could do nothing for him. A letter was found on his person addressed to Messrs. Becker, Bower & Co., Reading, Pa.; dated Philadelphia, March 14, 1881, signed J. H. Loomis, Real Estate Agent, and bearing the following request on the opposite side: "Reading, Pa., Aug. 8, 1881.—Please supply this man with work; he is of your trade. By order of committee. Corner Eighth and Chestnut streets, Reading, Pa." A memorandum book with the name of I. Fuchs written therein was also found in one of his pockets. Further than this nothing whereby to identify him could be found.

BE WISE AND HAPPY.—If you will stop all your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and families with expensive doctors or humbug cure-alls, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments—you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good will tell you, is Hop Bitters—rely on it. See another column.—*Press.* Sold at the new drug store, Ebensburg.

THE Huntingdon *Journal* reminds us of the fact that we were "off our egg" when we said that a reunion of the 125th regiment, P. V., is to be held in Altoona, on Saturday, Sept. 18th. We therefore correct the item by saying that Huntingdon is to be the place and Saturday, Sept. 17th, the time for the getting together of the "boys in blue," who may expect to be kindly greeted, well treated and abundantly filled by the hospitable people thereaway.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.—Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, coming up of food, yellow skin, etc., when for 75 cts. E. James, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa., will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, which is guaranteed to cure in every instance? [4-1.-e.o.w.1y.

THE only absolute specific we know of for sneezing, snuffling and choking catarrh or head colds is Sanford's Radical Cure, which for the small sum of $1 affords instant relief and invariably cures.—*Medical Times.* [1m.]

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Special indocements are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay you to read their advertisement, to be found elsewhere in this issue. [3-18.-10m.]

MERCHANTS who suffer from Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, or Billiousness can be cured by using DR. METTAUR'S HEADACHE AND DYSPEPSIA PILLS. Price 25 cents. [7-21.-1m.]

A RARE CHANCE FOR A GOOD EDUCATION.—We cheerfully comply with the request of Senator Boggs by publishing the following correspondence, which speaks for itself and will be of interest to some of our readers:

To the Editor of the Johnstown Tribune:

SIR: By the following circular, from the State College, Centre county, Pa., it will be seen that arrangements have been made to establish fifty free scholarships in said institution—one for each Senatorial District. Cambria and Blair counties, forming the Thirty fifth District, will, under this arrangement, be entitled to one scholarship. Those wishing to take advantage of the offer here made, and feeling themselves able and willing to comply with the terms and conditions mentioned, and qualified to pass the necessary examination, will report to the undersigned, by letter, on or before Wednesday, the 24th inst. In the meantime a committee will be chosen, to examine the applicants, and the time and place of meeting for that purpose will be duly given. Address

HENRY A. BOGGS, Johnstown, Pa.

STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO., PA., July 14, 1881.

To Hon. Henry A. Boggs, Johnstown, Pa.

DEAR SIR: The Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College have determined to establish fifty (50) free scholarships in the institution—one for each Senatorial District in the State. All tuition in the college is already free. These scholarships, in addition to the tuition, will entitle the holders thereof to exemption from the payment of other fixed charges, for incidentals, room rent, fuel, and the use of furniture.

It is believed that this can be done without adding materially to the expenses of the institution, while its benefits will be enlarged to the extent of these scholarships.

The conditions are that the scholar, after a competitive examination of the studies required for admission, receive the appointment from the Senator of his district, and that said scholar be at least fifteen (15) years of age, of good character, and fully prepared for admission to the Freshman class. The student so appointed shall be entitled to the benefits of his scholarship for the four years of his course, provided his conduct and class-standing be satisfactory to the Faculty. So soon as a vacancy occurs, from any cause, the Senator of a district shall have authority to fill the scholarship by a new appointment, under similar conditions.

In view of these facts you will please arrange for an examination to be held at some suitable point in your district, by a committee approved of by yourself. The subjects for examination for the year 1881-82 are, for all applicants, the Common English branches, physical geography, higher algebra (to quadratics), geometry (four books), and U. S. history. The special requirements of applicants for admission to the Scientific course will be elements of natural philosophy; the special requirements made of Classical students are Cæsar (three books), Cicero's orations (three), and Xenophon's anabasis. A student whose qualifications fall, in some respects, below the standard as to give a reasonable hope that he will make up his deficiencies, may be admitted *on probation*. Should no one present himself who is entitled to enter as a Freshman, a well-qualified applicant for *higher* class standing may be admitted.

As soon as the appointment shall have been made in your district you will please notify the college authorities of the fact, giving the name and address of the appointee.

Although our standard of admission to the college classes will be higher after the coming session, and special courses in civil engineering, chemistry, and physics, and natural science has been added to the courses recognized in the present catalogue, I forward a copy of that catalogue, and refer, in pages 18 and 38, a correct idea of the preparation required of those who would now enter as Freshmen. We shall be glad to furnish you with further information concerning this or other matters relating to the college.

Requesting your early and hearty co-operation in securing for your scholarship the best student available, I remain, yours respectfully,

JAS. Y. MCKEE, Acting President.

FORCIBLE REMARKS FROM JUDGE DEAN.—When Annie Gardner, indicted in the Blair County Court for infanticide and causing the death of her illegitimate offspring, was called up last week for sentence—the latter count, on which she was found guilty, Judge Dean took occasion to say:

"Although the evidence pointed to the truth of this charge (infanticide), the jury had a reasonable doubt of your guilt, and acquitted you on that count, found you guilty only concealing the death of the infant. Whether you murdered the babe God and you alone know. By the verdict we know you were guilty of a bastardy. You had a child, hence the offence which calls for punishment not exceeding three years. We do not intend to impose upon you the extreme penalty. Public sentiment nor the law apportions the penalty of the offence equally between the two sides. Leaving out of view those cases in which the man is the innocent victim of the wrong-doer, when by persistent attentions, falsehood and treachery, gains the affections of a young girl and takes advantage of the influence thus acquired over her, no penalty is too severe for such villainy.—But excluding this class of cases altogether, and taking those where the transgression is mutual the fault of one as the other, in these cases the punishment is almost wholly on the side of the girl. The man escapes with a totally inadequate penalty, public sentiment, public opinion, punishment ostracizes her forever from society. The stain is never effaced. She endures all the suffering of childbirth, and bears the burden through long years of roaring unaided the helpless child, a constant reminder of her own sin and shame.

The man sometimes pays a few dollars or gives security to pay it, or drags the partner of his guilt into Court, when the legal penalty is imposed on him, amounting to three or four hundred dollars, in five cases out of six he pays no fine, goes to jail and comes out at the end of three months under the insolent laws. His place in society is just the same as before, his character has not been affected in the slightest degree, his prospects of marriage have been in no wise blighted.

Of course public sentiment is wholly wrong, and this is the reason why the matter of bastardy has the attention of the Legislature been called to the lameness of the law, thus far without avail.—The penalty for the seduction of females should be sought to be at least one year's imprisonment at labor, on his default in complying with the sentence for the support of the child.

The true remedy is the rectification of public sentiment and the defect in the law are powerful incentives to the murder of bastard children, or the concealment of their birth and death. Recognizing this sentence, in some countries foundling hospitals are established, where the guilty mother can give birth to, or where she can leave her unfortunate offspring without detection. Of course this removes in a great degree the motive to abortion and child murder. Whether it has a tendency to encourage illicit intercourse is a question about which there is a difference of opinion. One thing is certain, public sentiment in this country becomes more and more powerful and will not tolerate foundling hospitals. For the present we can only hope that public sentiment, operating on the Legislature, will better the law, by compelling, imprisonment, the man a penalty which shall in some measure approximate that which the girl is compelled to suffer.

A man in our vicinity, of much precocity,
And a wonderful degree of mental processing,
Sprang into some strychnery with great velocity,
And rudely extracted both his organs of vision.

When he missed the use of his optical apparatus,
He jumped into the bush again with animation,
And having restored his eyes to their original status,
Straightway pursued his customary occupation.

We cannot but think occasionally of the sad lot of one who has lost both eyes. It is of course impossible to enumerate a tithe of the sweet sights he must necessarily miss, but it comes to our mind that he cannot see the infinite variety of splendid clothing which lines the shelves of Jas. J. Murphy, 100 Clinton street, Johnstown—and that is a sight worth seeing to anybody. This clothing is manufactured by the thousand suits per month, or the month of August, and will be disposed of to customers at the very slightest advance over first cost.

America Must Yield.

The greatest thinkers, the most profound scholars, the most expert, thorough and successful chemists—for these America must turn to Germany. In the wonderful speculative field of medicine no greater step has yet been taken than in the discovery, after the most extended research and the most untiring and patient experiments, of Dr. Faust's German Cough Syrup, for the cure of consumption, coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, croup, and all pulmonary diseases. Remember this medicine is sold on a positive guarantee. Price, 25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle. Ask Druggists. Sold at E. James' Drug Store, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1.-e.o.w.]

As to my wife at the window one day
Stood watching a man with a monkey,
A cart came by with a "Broth of a boy."
Who was driving a stout little donkey;
To my wife I then spoke by way of a joke;
"There's a relation of yours I'm sure by marriage."
To which she replied, as the donkey she spied,
"Ah, yes, a relation—by marriage!"

That monkey is likewise a relation, by blood if not by marriage, of some others—of those, for instance, who buy their ready-made clothing elsewhere than at Simon & Bendheim's, next door to the First National Bank, Altoona. This firm dispenses liberality with so liberal a hand that one who fails to take advantage of the same richly deserves to be classified with the *genus simia*. Their stock of clothing is the largest, best and cheapest received this summer.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

"This is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever sold," writes a prominent drug firm. A few doses invariably cures the worst cases of Cough, Croup, or Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee—a fact which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price, 10c., 50c. and $1. If your lungs are sore, or your chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plasters. Sold at E. James' Drug Store, Portoffice, Ebensburg, Pa. [4-1,'81.-e.o.w.1y.]

'Tis well to quote the census number.
To show the greatness of a nation,
But better yet's the green cucumber
To double up the population.

Probably as good a plan as any would be to pay a visit to Godfrey Wolfe's clothing emporium, next door to the post-office, Altoona, any fine day, and reckon up the number of customers who leave his doors inside an hour. It would double up one's ideas on the subject quicker than any cucumber. He keeps only the very best goods; his styles are the best in the market, and the prices sold to be just as represented; he sells for cash, and he sells from fifteen to thirty per cent. cheaper than all competitors. That is the secret of his popularity with the masses. An order by mail will receive prompt attention.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, billiousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜

Aug. 12, 1881.-1y.

Ladies, for those distressing complaints to which you are subject, use Dr. Faust's German Aromatic Wine. [4-1,'81.-1y.]

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [8-27, '77.]

HYMENEAL.

HUMPHREYS—HUNTLEY.—Married, at the residence of the bride's parents, in this place, on Monday morning, August 8, 1881, by Rev. T. R. Jones, Mr. SAM'L J. HUMPHREYS, formerly of Ebensburg, now of Pittsburg, and MISS CARRIE, second daughter of Geo. Huntley, Esq. No cards.

Apart from the fact that our happy friend Sam was at one time enrolled a member of the "art preservative," which entitles him in a special manner to the benedictions of the craft, there are other reasons in abundance why the printers and everybody else should wish him well now that he has linked his fortunes with one of the finest and fairest daughters of Ebensburg. Possessed as he is of an irreproachable character, the most generous impulses, and a business tact which is founded on the secure basis of industry and honesty, we know of no one more deserving of the blessings which are sure to result from "a union of hands and a union of hearts" so eminently fit to have been made as the worthy bridegroom elect. He has chosen well and wisely, and we have no hesitation in believing that he and his fair young bride have entered upon a happy and harmonious career that will only end when one or other of them is summoned to another and we hope a better world. That such, at least are the blessings in store for them is the earnest prayer of a host of admiring friends and well-wishers here and elsewhere.

BROWN—STEWART.—Married, at the Catholic church, Summitville, with Nuptial Mass, on Tuesday morning, August 9, 1881, by Rev. Father Davin, Mr. J. CHARLES BROWN, of Hemlock, this county, and MISS JENNIE A., daughter of Mr. Jno. Stewart, of Summitville.

Our worthy young friend and correspondent, the happy bridegroom aforesaid, very naively adds in a postscript to the above notice that there will be no letter from "C" this week. Well, we should say not. A man who has just been made happy for life, as we know he has, by securing a wife who is eminently deserving of his love and affection, is certainly too full for utterance through the columns of a newspaper. Hence we not only excuse his apparent remissness, but we tender to him and his loving and lovable young bride our heartfelt congratulations and good wishes. Such an union of virtue, intelligence and refinement well merits the blessing of heaven in this world and the crown of never-fading glory in the world to come, and that such may be vouchsafed to the happy young couple is the earnest prayer of all who know and esteem them for their many excellent qualities.

RHODY—MORRIS.—Married, at the Catholic church, St. Augustine, on Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1881, by Rev. Father Ryan, Mr. JAS. RHODY and MISS LIZZIE MORRIS, both of Clearfield township.

OBITUARY.

EVANS.—Died, in Ebensburg, on Tuesday, Aug. 9, 1881, Mrs. MARY EVANS, wife of Jere. Evans, aged about 70 years.

DAVIS.—Died, in Ebensburg, on Saturday, August 6, 1881, MISS MARY DAVIS, in the 21st year of her age.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—I. W. SHANK, Conemaugh Borough.—We are authorized to announce that I. W. Shank, of Conemaugh borough, will be a candidate for the above office at the coming Democratic primary election. If nominated and elected, he pledges himself to guard the interests of the taxpayers of the county with honesty and fidelity.

COUNTY TREASURER.—JOHN A. KENNEDY, Ebensburg.—We are authorized to announce that JOHN A. KENNEDY, of Ebensburg, will be a candidate for the above named office at the coming Democratic primary election, and feeling assured that he can perform the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the people and with no discredit to himself, he respectfully solicits the support of his party friends throughout the county.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—P. B. SMITH, Munster.—We are authorized to announce that Patrick B. Smith, of Munster township, is an aspirant for the above named position on the Democratic ticket, subject of course to the will of his party friends as expressed at the ensuing primary election. If nominated and elected he pledges himself to an honest and faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

MINERAL LAND FOR SALE!—The undersigned offers at private sale and accommodating terms a tract of land lying three-fourths of a mile from the Pennsylvania Railroad and containing **77 Acres.** The land is underlaid with coal, fine timber and iron ore, and is also well timbered, has a good saw-mill seat thereon, and could be readily reached by a railroad track from the main line. For further particulars call on or address JAMES BURKE,

Aug. 12, '81.-3t.* Wilmore, Cambria Co., Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an *alias* order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned will expose to sale by public auction or outcry, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1881,

at 2 O'CLOCK, P. M., the following described REAL ESTATE, of which James Mehaffy died seized, to wit:

TWO AND ONE-HALF LOTS OF GROUND

situate in the borough of Summitville, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Huntingdon, Cambria and Indiana Turnpike, adjoining lands of William Linton and heirs of John Kinney, deceased, having thereon erected a two story PLANK HOUSE and PLANK STABLE.

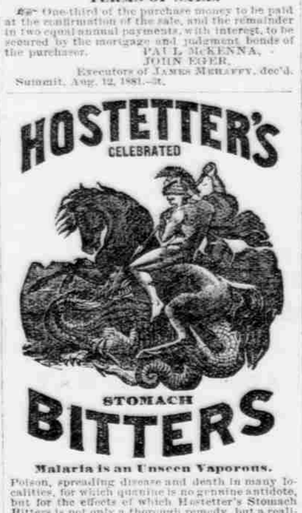
TERMS OF SALE.

☞ One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the mortgage of judgment bonds of the purchaser. PAUL MCKENNA,

JOHN EGER,

Executors of JAMES MEHAFFY, dec'd.

Summit, Aug. 12, 1881.-3t.



Malaria is an Unseen Vaporous.

Poison, spreading disease and death in many localities, for which quinine is no genuine antidote, but for the effects of which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is not only a thorough remedy, but a reliable preventive. To this fact there is an overwhelming array of testimony, extending over a period of thirty years. All disorders of the liver, stomach and bowels are also conquered by the Bitters. [8-12,'81.-1y.]

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Woman can Sympathize with Woman. Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETAB

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION.

HUMAN BEINGS CONSUMED BY THE GASES OF THEIR OWN BODIES.

Spontaneous combustion of the human body has been, and still is, as much of a question of affirmation and negation as that of the existence of persons of double sex, but in poring over some ancient and modern medical works, compiled by physicians of high standing and of undoubted veracity, the writer has found so many well authenticated cases of spontaneous combustion, that he has selected a few to present to the readers of the *Engineer*.

As to the cause of this remarkable phenemenon various opinions have been promulgated. A large number of medical authorities suppose that there is an alcoholic impregnation of the body, and that the actual contact of fire is necessary to produce it. To this it is replied that in certain cases that have occurred, there was no proof of such saturation of the tissues, and if it were so it would not render the body combustible. Others refer the combustion to the agency of the electric fluid. This theory supposes that inflammable gases may accumulate in the cellular tissue, and in a system charged with idio-electricity the slightest inflammable substance may commence the combustion. The gas is said to be hydrogen and its compounds, and this explains why water often fails to extinguish fire, and also why combustible substances contiguous are so seldom injured, the heat required for and produced by its combustion being low. It is indeed singular that in all the known cases of spontaneous combustion the fire has not caught surrounding objects, but has ceased with the victim of internal conflagration.

Fontenelle, a celebrated writer on this subject, affirms his belief that it is owing to an internal decomposition and the formation of new products which are highly inflammable, such as phosphorate hydrogen. A dissection by Dr. Aally is corroborative of this opinion. He attended a case of typhus, and after death gas was found in large quantities in the body. This gas, from whatever part it was extricated by puncture, took fire on bringing a lighted candle to it, and burnt with a blue flame. The existence of oil in the serum of the blood of intemperate people is also supposed to conduce to the combustibility of the system. Most of the individuals thus strangely consumed had for a long time made an immoderate use of spirituous liquors. They were either very fat or very lean. The combustion occurred accidently, and often from a very slight cause, such as a candle, a coal, or even a spark. It proceeds in most cases with great rapidity, usually consuming the entire trunk, while the extremities, as the feet and the hands, were occasionally left uninjured. Water, instead of extinguishing the flames which proceed from the parts on fire, sometimes gave them more activity. The combustion of the bodies left as a residuum, fat, fetid ashes, with an unctuous and very penetrating soot. The combustions have occurred at all seasons, the most frequently in winter, and in northern as well as southern countries.

The most widely known case of spontaneous combustion is that of the Countess Cornelia Bandi, of Cesena, Italy. She was aged sixty-two and in good health at the time of her singular and unexpected death. She was in the habit of bathing in camphorated spirits of wine. One evening she felt drowsy, and her maid remained with her until she fell asleep in bed. The next morning when the girl came to call her she found nothing but the remains of her body in the most horrible condition. At the distance of four feet from the bed was a heap of ashes, in which the arms and legs were almost untouched. Between the legs lay the head. The brain, together with the posterior part of the cranium and the whole chin, had been consumed. Three fingers were found in a state of coal, and the body was reduced to ashes, which, when touched, left on the fingers a fat, fetid moisture. A small lamp which stood on the floor was covered with ashes, but contained no oil. The tallow of two candles were melted on a table, but the wick still remained, and the feet of the candlesticks were covered with moisture. The bed was not deranged. The bedclothes were raised up and thrown to one side, as in the case when a person gets up. The furniture and tapestry were covered with a moist kind of a soot, the color of ashes, which had even penetrated into closed drawers and soiled the linen they contained. No noise occurred in the night, and the combustion must have been very rapid. The case occurred in 1763.

Bertholi, a priest, lived in Italy in 1776. He traveled about the country, and one evening arrived at the house of his brother-in-law. He desired to be immediately shown to his room, and when there requested that a handkerchief should be placed between his shirt and shoulders. This was done, and he was left to his devotions. A few minutes had hardly elapsed when a noise was heard in the room and a loud outcry was made by the priest. He was found lying on the floor of his room, and surrounded by a light flame, which died away as people approached, and extinguished itself. A celebrated doctor of the time (Battagalia) was sum moned and examined the priest. He found the integuments were injured. There was a mortification of the right hand which rapidly extended itself. The priest was devoured by a burning thirst, was horribly convulsed and was feverish and delirious. On the fourth day after this strange attack, after two hours of comatose insensibility he expired. A short time previous to his death the body exhaled a most insufferable odor, worms crawled from it on the bed, and the nails dropped from the fingers. The priest's account of the matter was that he felt a stroke, like a blow from a cudgel, on the right hand, and at the same time saw a blueish flame attack his shirt, which was immediately reduced entirely to ashes, with the exception of the wristbands, which were untouched. The handkerchief which was between the shirt and shoulders was uninjured and not a hair of his head was burnt, although his cap was totally consumed. There had been no fire in the room except that of the lamp, which had been full of oil, was now dry, and the wick reduced to a cinder.

How Cows Drink.—Although cows require a great deal of water, many of them are allowed to suffer for want of it, because their peculiar fastidiousness is not understood or regarded. The *American Cultivator* says on the subject: "If the cows have to drink from any place other than brook or river do not turn out more than two at a time. Many of our hired men expect a cow to drink like a horse, which they certainly do not. Lead a horse to a trought and he will drink immediately or not at all, but a cow will stand and look, wet her lips and sip a mouthful half a dozen times before she begins to drink in good earnest. Some cows, however, will drink immediately. But in case of either cows or horses, proper care cannot be taken of them till their peculiarities are well understood; and whoever undertakes to make the most of his stock must make every individual one a special study. If cows are watered out of a pail it may be found that one animal will drink only from a certain pail, and if a change is made it will be instantly detected. Few cows will eat hay that another has breathed upon. It is well to humor the animal in such cases, while studying to supply the proper quantity and quality of food.

READ THIS! HEED THIS!

IF A NEW SUIT YOU NEED,

IT WILL PAY YOU, INDEED,

This ANNOUNCEMENT to Read!

Having just returned from the Eastern Cities, where we bought and PAID THE CASH for enough

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING,

to stock our FOUR LARGE STORES, we are now prepared to furnish every man and boy to whom this comes greeting with

MADE-UP CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

at LOWER PRICES than they can be bought at any other house in Blair or adjoining counties. In proof of which assertion we submit the following facts:

WE ARE SELLING **A MAN'S GOOD SUIT,** lined throughout, for $2.75 This suit invites and defies all competition.

WE ARE SELLING **A Man's Good Business Suit** for $4.00. The same kind of a suit was sold last season for $5.00.

WE ARE SELLING **A Man's White DUCK VEST** for 60 cents, which sold last season, and was considered cheap, for $1.25.

WE ARE SELLING **GOOD SUITS FOR BOYS** from 8 to 12 years old, with long pants, for $2.40, which surpass anything of the kind you ever saw for the money.

WE ARE SELLING **NEAT SUITS FOR BOYS,** from 4 to 8 years old, at 75 cents, which astonish all who see them; and good **WOOL HATS** for men and boys at 40 and 50 cents.

WE ARE SELLING **MEN'S GOOD WORKING PANTS,** lined throughout, at from 65 cents to $1.00.

WE ARE SELLING **Men's Good Overalls** at 20 cts. and up, and good CALICO Shirts for 40 cents, sold everywhere for 75 cts.

WE ARE SELLING **BOYS' SUITS in 3 PIECES,** for any age from 4 to 8 yrs., for $2.00; considered cheap last season at $3.50.

All the above described Goods and thousands of dollars' worth of other articles equally cheap are now in stock, ready for inspection at the

YOUNG AMERICA CLOTHING HOUSE

Corner Eleventh Avenue and Eleventh Street,

Opposite Opera House, ALTOONA, PA.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

A TRUE TONIC

A PERFECT STRENGTHENER. A SURE REVIVER.

IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient tonic; especially *Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc.* Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. They act like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all *dyspeptic symptoms*, such as *Tasting the Food, Belching, Heartburn*, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A B C Book, 32 pp. of useful and amusing reading—*sent free*. BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by B. C. Co., and have crossed red lines on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 & 115 CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

—ALWAYS HAVE THE—

Largest and Cheapest Stock of

Dry and Dress Goods,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY, CARPETS, ETC.,

to be found in Cambria or adjoining counties. ☞ Forget not the street and numbers and fail not to call, buy and be happy.

HEADACHE & DYSPEPSIA

A CURE GUARANTEED, 25 CENTS BY USING

DR METTAURS HEADACHE PILLS

DR. METTAUR'S HEAD ACHE PILLS cure most wonderfully in a very short time both SICK and NERVOUS HEADACHE; and, while acting on the nervous system, relieve DYSPEPSIA in its worst forms, cleansing the system of excess of bile, producing a regular healthy action of the bowels.

A full size box of these valuable PILLS, with full directions for a complete cure, mailed to any address on receipt of nine 3-cent Postage Stamps. For sale by all Druggists.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

HEADACHE CURED — DYSPEPSIA RELIEVED

GEO. W. YEAGER,

—CASH DEALER IN ALL KIND OF—

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,

—AND MANUFACTURER OF—

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

1402 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

☞ CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY. Roofing, Spouting and Repairing of all kind promptly and satisfactorily attended to. [10-24,'79.—tf.]

The Truth Tritely Told.

THE NEW STORE OF

S. TEITELBAUM, CARROLLTOWN,

IS THE PLACE TO BUY AT LOWEST PRICES THE ... FIRST

SUMMER GOODS OF ALL KIND!

And a cordial invitation is now extended by the proprietor to every reader of the FREEMAN to call and see the large assortment, examine the various qualities, and learn the unsurpassable prices, which are so low that 20 per cent. can positively be saved by those who buy their goods from me. The reason I can sell so cheap is that I bought my entire stock for cash and intend to sell for cash or its equivalent, and am therefore prepared to make quick sales at smaller profits than any other merchant in Cambria county. Don't take my word for this, however, but come and see for yourselves.

CARROLLTOWN, MAY 23, 1881.—tf.

S. TEITELBAUM.

KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

are quickly and surely cured by the use of KIDNEY-WORT. This new and wonderful remedy which is having such an immense sale in all parts of the country, works on natural principles. It restores strength and tone to the diseased organs, and through them cleanses the system of accumulated and poisonous humors. Kidney diseases of long standing, yielding to it. Piles, Constipation, Rheumatism, &c., which have distressed the victims for years. We have volumes of testimony of its wonderful curative power. No longer use Alcoholic Bitters, which do more harm than good, or drastic pills, but use natures remedy, KIDNEY-WORT, and health will be quickly regained. Get it of your Druggist, Price, $1. (Will send post paid.)

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop'rs, Burlington, Vt.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the best **Family Knitting Machine** ever invented. Will knit a pair of stockings, with **HEEL** and **TOE complete**, in 20 minutes. It will also knit a great variety of fancy-work which there is always a ready market. Send for circular and terms to the **Twombly Knitting Machine Co.**, 409 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 5 letter stamps.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.

ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY

NEAR LATROBE, PA.

NEARLY half a century old, from which some of the most prominent and cultivated ladies in Pennsylvania and elsewhere have graduated, offers most thorough educational aids and highest standard of refining influences.

☞ Pupils admitted at any time. Yearly expense about $208.

Address:

SISTERS OF MERCY,
BEATTY'S P. O.,
Dec. 10, 1880.—tf. Westmoreland Co., Pa.

BEATTY'S ORGANS, 18 useful stops, 5 sets reeds only $65. Pianos $125 up. ☞ Illus Catalog, FREE. Address Beatty, Washington, N. J.

THE SPIDER AS A BALLOONIST.—In speaking of the intelligence displayed by birds and beasts, Mr. Seth Green argued strongly in favor of the reasoning power of insects especially, and related from his own experience the manner in which a spider constructs a balloon. If you anchor a pole in a body of water leaving the pole above the surface, and put a spider upon it, he will exhibit marvelous intelligence by his plans to escape. At first, he will spin a web several inches long and hang to one end while he allows the other to float off in the wind, in the hope that it will strike some object. Of course his plan proves a failure, but the spider is not discouraged. He waits until the wind changes, and then sends another silken bridge floating off in another direction. Another failure is followed by several other familiar attempts, until all the points of the compass have been tried. But neither the recourse nor the reasoning powers of the spider are exhausted. He climbs to the top of the pole and energetically goes to work to construct a silken balloon. He has no hot air with which to inflate it, but he has the power of making it buoyant. When he gets his balloon finished he does not go off with the mere suspicion that it will carry him, as men often do, but he fastens to it a guy rope, the other end of which he attaches to the island pole upon which he is a prisoner. He then gets into his aerial vehicle, while it is made fast, and tests it to see whether its dimensions are capable of the work of bearing him away. He often finds that he has made it too small, in which case he hauls it down, takes it all apart and constructs it on a larger and better plan. A spider has been seen to make three different balloons before he became satisfied with his experiment. Then he will get in, snap the guy rope and sail away to land as gracefully and as supremely independent of his surroundings as could well be imagined. Mr. Green stated that he had repeatedly witnessed such actions by spiders, and that he feels convinced that it is reason, with which the Creator of all things endowed the animals that enabled them to free themselves from their prison.—*Rochester Democrat.*

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.—Farmers who desire to rid their fields of brushes and brambles should take advantage of the long days in August when the sap is nearly all out of roots of trees and brambles, to cut them off close to the ground. A week's delay because of the pressure of business on the farm, will make it necessary to do the work over again another season. Whereas, if all the bushes and brambles were cut off the last week in July or the first week in August, an effectual end will be made of them and thus future trouble avoided. Nothing more mars the beauty of a farm than to see fences and ditch banks lined with hedge rows and bushes, and weeds of unhidden growth. Work now done in this direction is paying and telling work for the farmer.

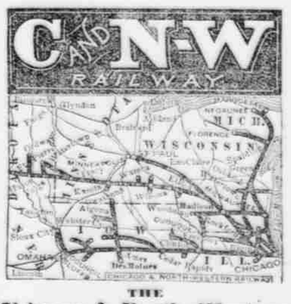
THE following drink for relieving sickness of the stomach is said to be palatable and agreeable: Beat up one egg very well, say for twenty minutes, then add fresh milk one pint, water one pint, sugar to make it palatable; boil, and let it cool; drink when cold. If it becomes curds and whey it is useless.

A MEDICAL journal gives the following simple remedy for relieving hiccough: "Inflate the lungs as fully as possible and thus press firmly on the agitated diaphragm. In a few moments the spasmodic action of the muscle will cease."

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING ABOUT CHIMNEYS.—A parlor fire will consume in twelve hours forty pounds of coal, the combustion rendering 42,000 gallons of air unfit to support life. Not only is that large amount of deleterious product carried away and rendered innoxious by the chimney, but five times that quantity of air is carried up by the draught, and ventilation is thus effectually maintained. The ascent of smoke up a chimney depends on the comparative lightness of the column of air within to that of an equal column without; the longer the chimney, the stronger will be the draught, if the fire be sufficiently great to head the air; but if the chimney be so long that the air is cooled as it approaches the top, the draught is diminished. The smoke of a chimney, that so annoys the inmates of a house, arises from inattention to a few well known laws. When a fire is lighted in a grate, the air in the chimney over it becomes heated by the fire, and therefore is made lighter than the external atmosphere, and consequently it must of necessity ascend. Thus is produced what is called a draught in a chimney, which is merely the upward current of air produced by the ascent of the heated air confined in a flue. When a grate has remained for some time without having a fire in it, the chimney and the grate become cold, and when the fire is first lighted, it does not heat the air fast enough to produce a current necessary for the draught, and as the smoke will not ascend, it makes its appearance in the apartment; and this bad behavior is often attributed to the supposed quantity of soot in the chimney, instead of the above cause; for after the grate and flue become warm, the draught is restored, and the chimney is no longer troublesome. Holding a piece of lighted paper up the chimney, when lighting the fire, will rectify the evil.

A REMEDY FOR SCARLET FEVER.—Dr. E. Woodruff, for nineteen years a practicing physician at Grand Rapids, Michigan, furnishes the Springfield (Ill.) *Journal* the following: Wash the child from head to foot with strong sal-soda water, warm, then wipe dry. Then immediately bathe freely with oil from beef marrow, or oil from butter, applied freely. Then give freely catnip tea, or some good sweating article, pennyroyal, etc. Repeat every half hour, or as often as they get worrisome or wakeful, and in one or two days they will be entirely cured. I have been called to case swhere they have been fully broken out, and in this way entirely cured them in twenty-four hours. I have had thirty cases on hand at one time, and never lost a case in my life. But now I am old and about to give up my business, and seeing from the papers that your town is infected with the epidemic, I wish to do all the good I can. It is so simple. You do not need to call a doctor. A good nurse can attend to them. If by opening the pores of the skin and sweating you can let off the poison, which is an animaleniæ or animal in the blood, the cure is complete. The same is equally good in fevers of all kinds, hard colds and coughs. I take the ground that all diseases are caused by a stoppage of the pores of the skin, retaining the poison or living animals in the blood, and all you have to do at first is to open the doors of the system and let them out or drive them out. All people know a warm bath is good. But you apply the oil to the skin, and it keeps the pores open for a long time and gives the enemy a chance to get out. I hope all will try it, and they will soon be convinced.

THE first law of nature is self-preservation; but to do it she needs PERUNA.



THE

Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST; BEST CONSTRUCTED; BEST EQUIPTED; and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST!

It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in

Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, and for

COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA, DENVER, LEADVILLE, SALT LAKE, SAN FRANCISCO, Deadwood, Sioux City.

Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories and in the West. Also, for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Houghton, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, LaCrosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the Northwest.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint Union Depot.

At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes.

☞ Close connections made at Junction Points.

It is the ONLY LINE running

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS

—BETWEEN—

CHICAGO and COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if the last road over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets by this route, and will ☞ TAKE NONE OTHER.

☞ All Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this Line.

MARVIN HUGHITT,
3d V. P. and General Manager, Chicago.

[4-18.] WESTWARD. [13.]

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. **Take no other.**

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

DENTAL NOTICE.—DR. M. R. B. CREERY, *Surgeon Dentist*, Ebensburg, Pa., respectfully informs all persons interested that he will be at Loretto on Monday and Tuesday, at Chest Springs on Wednesday and Thursday, and at Carrolltown on Friday and Saturday of the *fourth week of each month.*

☞ All persons needing dental work will do well to give me a call, as I am prepared to furnish full or partial sets of teeth and perform all other operations pertaining to my profession in a satisfactory manner and at the lowest possible prices.

[5-21,'80,-tf.] M. R. B. CREERY, D. D. S.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $1 outfit $00 free. Address *H. Hallett & Co.*, Portland, Me.

TAKE THE

THE GREAT

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

☞ No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.

The Shortest, Speediest and Most Comfortable Route via Hannibal to Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.

The unrivaled inducements offered by this Line to Travelers and Tourists, are as follows: The celebrated Pullman (16-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars, run only on this Line, C., B. & Q. Pullman Drawing-Room Cars, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for Seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C., B. & Q. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars fitted with Elegant High-Backed Rattan Revolving Chairs for the exclusive use of first-class passengers.

Steel Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite Route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.

Try it, and you will find traveling a luxury instead of a discomfort.

Through Tickets via this Celebrated Line for sale at all offices in the United States and Canada.

All information about Rates of Fare, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Time Tables, &c., will be cheerfully given by applying to

J. Q. A. BEAN, Gen'l Eastern Agent,
298 Washington St., Boston, Mass.
and 317 Broadway, New York.

JAMES R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. J. POTTER, Gen. Manager, Chicago.

TO CARD COLLECTORS!

1st.—Buy seven bars DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP of your Grocer.

2d.—Ask him to give you a bill of it.

3d.—Mail us his bill and your full address.

4th.—We will mail you FREE seven beautiful and elegant cards, in six colors and gold, representing Shakspeare's 'Seven Ages of Man.'

I. L. CRAGIN & CO.,
116 South Fourth St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

☞ DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP is sold by V. S. BARKER & BRO., Ebensburg. [4-1.-e.o.w.6m.]

GROCERS SELL ASCHENBACH & MILLER'S

FAMILY CHOCOLATE!

An article superior in quality and lower in price than any other in the market. A prominent and experienced New York physician gives it as his opinion that chocolate is preferable to tea or coffee because it adds strength to the body, new life to the exhausted brain, quiets the nervous system, harmonizes the workings of the digestive organs, and gives purity to the blood.

For a superfine confection, ask your confectioner for our Sweet Spiced Vanilla Chocolate. Aschenbach & Miller, 23 and Callowhill Sts., Phila., Pa. For sale by V. S. BARKER & BRO. and N. J. FUHRMOYER, Ebensburg, Pa. [7-9.-1y.]

JOYFUL News for Boys and Girls! Young and Old! A NEW INVENTION just patented for them, for Home use! Fret and Scroll Sawing, Turning, Boring, Drilling, Grinding, Polishing, Screw Cutting. Price $5 to $65. Send 6 cents for 100 pages. EPHRAIM BROWN, Lowell, Mass.

$999 a year to Agents, and expenses. $6 Outfit free. Address *F. Swain & Co.*, Augusta, Me.

READ PROOF OF WONDERFUL CURES.

FREMONT, OHIO, Jan. 25, 1881.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: I think it my duty to render you my thanks for benefits and profits which I have derived from your invaluable and far famed Spavin Cure. My cousin and I had a valuable stallion worth $4,000 which had a very bad spavin, and was pronounced by four eminent veterinary surgeons beyond any cure, and that the horse was done forever. As a last resort I advised my cousin to try a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure. It had a magical effect—the third bottle cured it and the horse is as well as ever. Dr. Dick, of Edinburgh, the eminent veterinary surgeon was an uncle of mine, and I take great interest in assisting his profession. Yours, truly,

JAMES A. WILSON, Civil Engineer.

Kendall's SPAVIN Cure

WILTON, MINN., Jan. 11, 1881.

B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: Having got a horse-break of you by mail a year ago, the contents of which persuaded me to try Kendall's Spavin Cure on the hind leg of one of my horses, which was badly swollen and could not be reduced by any other remedy, I got two bottles of Preston & Luddath, Druggists of Wasecu, which completely cured my horse. About five years ago I had a three year old colt sweenied very bad. I used your remedy as given in your book without sweelling, and I must say to your credit that the colt is entirely cured, which is a surprise, not only to myself, but also to my neighbors. You sent me the book for the trifling sum of 25 cents and if I could not get another like it I would not take twenty-five dollars for it. Yours, truly, GEO. MATHEWS.

From a PROMINENT PHYSICIAN.

WASHINGTONVILLE, OHIO, June 17, 1880.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: Reading your advertisement in Turf, Field and Farm, of Kendall's Spavin Cure, and having a valuable and speedy horse who had been lame from spavin for eighteen months, I sent to you for a bottle by express, which in six weeks removed all lameness and enlargement, and also a large splint from another horse, and both horses are to-day as sound as colts. The one bottle was worth to me one hundred dollars. Respectfully y'urs,

H. A. BERTOLETT, M. D.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

HARRISBURG, PA., Nov. 18th, 1880.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: I have a very fine mare that had a bone spavin for a long time. I tried everything man could devise to cure it, but all in vain, and was about to give it up when a friend of mine in this city came to me and recommended "Kendall's Spavin Cure," which I tried with grand results, removing the bone clear and clean. I then sent 25 cents to you for one of your illustrated Horse Books, and I think there is no better book printed on the horse and his diseases. I have taken great interest in it, and have since sold 18 copies for you to my neighbors, and will try and do what good I can by getting them for others Yours truly, G. W. MILLER.

Kendall's Spavin Cure on Human Flesh.

WEST ENOSBURGH, VT., Feb. 15, 1881.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.—Gents: Several months ago I injured my knee joint, which caused an enlargement to grow the size of a large walnut and caused me very severe pain all the time for four or five weeks, when I began to use Kendall's Spavin Cure with the most satisfactory results. It has completely removed the enlargement and stopped the lameness and pain. I have long known it to be excellent for horses, but now I know it to be the best liniment for human flesh that I am acquainted with.

Yours truly, T. P. LAWRENCE.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is sure in its effects and mild in its action, as it does not blister; yet it is penetrating and powerful to remove hard, soft or contracted cords, any bony growth or other enlargements, such as spavins, splints, curbs, callous, sprains, swellings, and any lameness and all enlargements of joints or limbs, and also for rheumatism in man, or for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mildly and yet certain in its effects.

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for man as well as beast.

☞ Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you; or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Feb. 18, 1881.—9m.

Has been in constant use by the public for over twenty years, and is the best preparation ever invented for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS YOUTHFUL COLOR AND LIFE.

It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and thicken the growth of the hair, prevent its blanching and falling off, and thus AVERT BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.

The State Assayer and Chemist of Mass. and leading Physicians endorse and recommend it as a great triumph in medicine.

will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP

Is superior to all other soaps. It is combined with Sulphur in its pure, unadulterated state, which enters the pores of the skin, being absorbed into the blood through the minute capillaries, and thus acts upon the skin, before it be healthy or in a diseased condition, both locally and constitutionally, thereby eliminating all impurities from the blood and exciting the skin to healthy action. It produces a fineness, purity and freshness to the complexion which is unequalled, and can be produced by no other means. No toilet, nursery or bathroom is complete with it. It makes the skin soft, clear, pure, white and healthy; it is cleaning, deodorizing, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve itching Piles when nothing else will have any effect. Ask for VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP; insist upon it, and take no imitation. Sold by druggists. Aschenbach & Miller, Proprietors, No. 201 Callowhill Street, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by M. L. GAYMAN and T. JAMES, Druggists, Ebensburg, Pa. [11-3.-1y.]

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 23 Chatham St., N. Y.

Feb. 4, 1881.—1y.

$2 Watches, Stem-winders $3.50. Warranted Genuine Gold Cases, Solid Gold $6. Satisfaction Guaranteed or your own money refunded. Circulars free. Agents wanted. THOMPSON & CO., 125 Nassau St., New York.

CREAM CAMPHOR

(The original and only genuine Chinese Cream Camphor manufactured.—WONG SAM KEE & CO., Tea Merchants, 846 South Second street, Philadelphia, Pa.)

Chinese Cream CAMPHOR!

THE GREAT REMEDY

FOR THE

RELIEF OF PAIN IN MAN AND BEAST!

Commands the attention of all who have been inveterate sufferers of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, BACKACHE, FROSTED FEET, STIFF JOINTS, and all pains in every portion of the body. The seat of pain is reached by exciting the pores to action, thus enabling the curative properties of the CHINESE CREAM CAMPHOR to enter, which stifles the pain as soon as the affected parts are reached. The liniment must, upon each application, be rubbed in thoroughly; and in cases of Rheumatism of long standing it should be used three or four times a day, and four applications made each time, until cured. Cure, however, should be exercised after the pores are opened, to prevent taking cold.

FOR HORSES

Chinese CREAM Camphor

IS INVALUABLE.

It relieves Sprained Joints, Thrush in Feet, Sweeny, Poll Evil, Blood and Bone Spavins, Ringbone, and all hard lumps caused by kicks or other bruises. For Epizooty, Distemper, Fever, Colic, Loss of Appetite, and Weakness, use the IRON HORSE AND CATTLE POWDER.

☞ A half pint bottle of the CHINESE CREAM CAMPHOR can be had for 50 cents from E. JAMES, Druggist, Ebensburg, Pa.

N. B.—The testimonials of persons using this preparation, either on themselves or their horses, will be thankfully received.

TESTIMONIALS.

I have tried the Chinese Cream Camphor for rheumatism and nervous headache, and have found in it instant relief. I have never found its equal in all my travels.—GEORGE LYNDE, Esq., late of Capt. Sir Geo. Back, R. N., Ship-bearer, Dublin.

I used the Chinese Cream Camphor for a severe attack of Rheumatism in the right shoulder and arm. It gave me relief after having tried several other well-known remedies, that it is the best thing I ever used, curing me completely.—MILLARD F. WALTON, 107 N. 41st street, West Philadelphia, March 1, 1881.

After one application of the Chinese Cream Camphor I was relieved of frosted feet.—NATHAN ELKAN, 315 North Third street, Philadelphia, Pa., March 12, 1881.

Having suffered severely with rheumatism I used the Chinese Cream Camphor three times, rubbing in freely each time, and was entirely relieved by its nervous influence, obtaining instant relief.—ASTON S. TAYLOR, 1218 Melon street, Philada., Jan. 18, 1881. [4-8.-6m.]

Floreston Cologne.

The Most Fragrant and Lasting of all Perfumes

New, Delightful and Fashionable.

Sold by dealers in Drugs and Perfumery. HIRES & CO., N. Y.

Mothers, Farmers, Mechanics, Business Men & Women, Teachers, and all who are tired out by work or worry, don't drink intoxicating bitters, but use

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

Are you suffering from Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or Bowel, Kidney or Liver Complaints, you can be cured by using PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. If you are wasting away with Consumption, Female Weakness, Eruptions, or any sickness—if you have a bad cough or cold, you will find sure relief in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are enfeebled by disease, age, or dissipation,